Package 'ideal'

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Type Package

Title Interactive Differential Expression AnaLysis

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Description This package provides functions for an Interactive Differential Expression AnaLysis of RNA-sequencing datasets, to extract quickly and effectively information downstream the step of differential expression. A Shiny application encapsulates the whole package.

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LazyData TRUE

Depends topGO

Imports DESeq2, SummarizedExperiment, GenomicRanges, IRanges, S4Vectors, ggplot2 (>= 2.0.0), d3heatmap, pheatmap, pcaExplorer, IHW, gplots, UpSetR, goseq, stringr, plyr, dplyr, limma, GOstats, GO.db, AnnotationDbi, shiny (>= 0.12.0), shinydashboard, shinyBS, DT, rentrez, rintrojs, knitr, rmarkdown, shinyAce, BiocParallel, grDevices, methods

Suggests testthat, BiocStyle, airway, org.Hs.eg.db, TxDb.Hsapiens.UCSC.hg38.knownGene, DEFormats, edgeR

URL https://github.com/federicomarini/ideal

BugReports https://github.com/federicomarini/ideal/issues

biocViews GeneExpression, DifferentialExpression, RNASeq, Sequencing, Visualization, QualityControl, GUI, GeneSetEnrichment, ReportWriting

VignetteBuilder knitr

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R topics documented:

`deseqresult2DEgenes` *Generate a tidy table with the DE genes from the results of DESeq*

Description

Generate a tidy table with the DE genes from the results of DESeq

Usage

```
deseqresult2DEgenes(deseqresult, FDR = 0.05)
```

Arguments

`deseqresult`	A `DESeqResults` object
`FDR`	Numeric value, the significance level for thresholding adjusted p-values

Value

A "tidy" data.frame with only genes marked as differentially expressed

Examples

```
# with simulated data...
library(DESeq2)
dds <- DESeq2::makeExampleDESeqDataSet(n=100, m=8, betaSD = 2)
dds <- DESeq(dds)
res <- results(dds)
deseqresult2DEgenes(res)
```

deseqresult2tbl *Generate a tidy table with the results of DESeq*

Description

Generate a tidy table with the results of DESeq

Usage

```
deseqresult2tbl(deseqresult)
```

Arguments

deseqresult	A DESeqResults object

Value

A "tidy" data.frame with all genes

Examples

```
# with simulated data...
library(DESeq2)
dds <- DESeq2::makeExampleDESeqDataSet(n=100, m=8, betaSD = 1)
dds <- DESeq2::DESeq(dds)
res <- DESeq2::results(dds)
deseqresult2tbl(res)
```

ggplotCounts *Plot normalized counts for a gene*

Description

Plot for normalized counts of a single gene, with jittered points superimposed on the boxplot

Usage

```
ggplotCounts(dds, gene, intgroup = "condition", annotation_obj = NULL,
  transform = TRUE)
```

Arguments

dds	A DESeqDataSet object.
gene	A character, specifying the name of the gene to plot
intgroup	Interesting groups: a character vector of names in colData(dds) to use for grouping

annotation_obj	A data.frame object, with row.names as gene identifiers (e.g. ENSEMBL ids) and a column, gene_name, containing e.g. HGNC-based gene symbols. Optional.
transform	Logical value, corresponding whether to have log scale y-axis or not. Defaults to TRUE.

Details

Note: this function relies on the plotCounts function of DESeq2, therefore pseudocounts of 0.5 are added to each point

Value

An object created by ggplot

Examples

```
library(airway)
data(airway)
airway
dds_airway <- DESeq2::DESeqDataSetFromMatrix(assay(airway),
                                             colData = colData(airway),
                                             design=~cell+dex)
ggplotCounts(dds_airway,
             gene = "ENSG00000103196", # CRISPLD2 in the original publication
             intgroup = "dex")
```

---

goseqTable *Extract functional terms enriched in the DE genes, based on goseq*

Description

A wrapper for extracting functional GO terms enriched in a list of (DE) genes, based on the algorithm and the implementation in the goseq package

Usage

```
goseqTable(de.genes, assayed.genes, genome = "hg38", id = "ensGene",
  testCats = c("GO:BP", "GO:MF", "GO:CC"), FDR_GO_cutoff = 1, nTop = 200,
  orgDbPkg = "org.Hs.eg.db", addGeneToTerms = TRUE)
```

Arguments

de.genes	A vector of (differentially expressed) genes
assayed.genes	A vector of background genes, e.g. all (expressed) genes in the assays
genome	A string identifying the genome that genes refer to, as in the goseq function
id	A string identifying the gene identifier used by genes, as in the goseq function

testCats	A vector specifying which categories to test for over representation amongst DE genes - can be any combination of "GO:CC", "GO:BP", "GO:MF" & "KEGG"
FDR_GO_cutoff	Numeric value for subsetting the results
nTop	Number of categories to extract, and optionally process for adding genes to the respective
orgDbPkg	Character string, named as the org.XX.eg.db package which should be available in Bioconductor
addGeneToTerms	Logical, whether to add a column with all genes annotated to each GO term

Details

Note: the feature length retrieval is based on the goseq function, and requires that the corresponding TxDb packages are installed and available

Value

A table containing the computed GO Terms and related enrichment scores

Examples

```
library(airway)
data(airway)
airway
dds_airway <- DESeq2::DESeqDataSetFromMatrix(assay(airway),
                                             colData = colData(airway),
                                             design=~cell+dex)
dds_airway <- DESeq2::DESeq(dds_airway)
res_airway <- DESeq2::results(dds_airway)

res_subset <- deseqresult2DEgenes(res_airway)[1:100,]
myde <- res_subset$id
myassayed <- rownames(res_airway)

## Not run:
mygo <- goseqTable(myde,
                   myassayed,
                   testCats = "GO:BP",
                   addGeneToTerms = FALSE)
head(mygo)

## End(Not run)
```

---

ideal *ideal: Interactive Differential Expression Analysis*

Description

ideal makes differential expression analysis interactive, easy and reproducible. This function launches the main application included in the package.

Usage

```
ideal(dds_obj = NULL, res_obj = NULL, annotation_obj = NULL,
  countmatrix = NULL, expdesign = NULL)
```

Arguments

dds_obj	A DESeqDataSet object. If not provided, then a countmatrix and a expdesign need to be provided. If none of the above is provided, it is possible to upload the data during the execution of the Shiny App
res_obj	A DESeqResults object. If not provided, it can be computed during the execution of the application
annotation_obj	A data.frame object, with row.names as gene identifiers (e.g. ENSEMBL ids) and a column, gene_name, containing e.g. HGNC-based gene symbols. If not provided, it can be constructed during the execution via the org.eg.XX.db packages - these need to be installed
countmatrix	A count matrix, with genes as rows and samples as columns. If not provided, it is possible to upload the data during the execution of the Shiny App
expdesign	A data.frame containing the info on the covariates of each sample. If not provided, it is possible to upload the data during the execution of the Shiny App

Value

A Shiny App is launched for interactive data exploration and differential expression analysis

Examples

```
# with simulated data...
library(DESeq2)
dds <- DESeq2::makeExampleDESeqDataSet(n=100, m=8)
cm <- counts(dds)
cd <- colData(dds)

# with the well known airway package...
library(airway)
data(airway)
airway
dds_airway <- DESeq2::DESeqDataSetFromMatrix(assay(airway),
                                             colData = colData(airway),
                                             design=~cell+dex)
## Not run:


ideal()
ideal(dds)
ideal(dds_airway)

dds_airway <- DESeq2::DESeq(dds_airway)
res_airway <- DESeq2::results(dds_airway)
ideal(dds_airway, res_airway)

## End(Not run)
```

ideal-pkg *ideal: Interactive Differential Expression Analysis*

Description

ideal makes differential expression analysis interactive, easy and reproducible. The analysis of RNA-seq datasets is guided by the Shiny app as main component of the package, which also provides a wide set of functions to efficiently extract information from the existing data. The app can be also deployed on a Shiny server, to allow its usage without any installation on the user's side.

Details

ideal makes differential expression analysis interactive, easy and reproducible. The analysis of RNA-seq datasets is guided by the Shiny app as main component of the package, which also provides a wide set of functions to efficiently extract information from the existing data. The app can be also deployed on a Shiny server, to allow its usage without any installation on the user's side.

Author(s)

Federico Marini <marinif@uni-mainz.de>, 2016-2017

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plot_ma *MA-plot from base means and log fold changes*

Description

MA-plot from base means and log fold changes, in the ggplot2 framework, with additional support to annotate genes if provided.

Usage

```
plot_ma(res_obj, FDR = 0.05, point_alpha = 0.2, sig_color = "red",
  annotation_obj = NULL, hlines = NULL, title = NULL,
  xlab = "mean of normalized counts - log10 scale", ylim = NULL,
  add_rug = TRUE, intgenes = NULL, intgenes_color = "steelblue",
  labels_intgenes = TRUE)
```

Arguments

res_obj	A DESeqResults object
FDR	Numeric value, the significance level for thresholding adjusted p-values
point_alpha	Alpha transparency value for the points (0 = transparent, 1 = opaque)
sig_color	Color to use to mark differentially expressed genes. Defaults to red
annotation_obj	A data.frame object, with row.names as gene identifiers (e.g. ENSEMBL ids) and a column, gene_name, containing e.g. HGNC-based gene symbols. Optional
hlines	The y coordinate (in absolute value) where to draw horizontal lines, optional

title	A title for the plot, optional
xlab	X axis label, defaults to "mean of normalized counts - log10 scale"
ylim	Vector of two numeric values, Y axis limits to restrict the view
add_rug	Logical, whether to add rug plots in the margins
intgenes	Vector of genes of interest. Gene symbols if a symbol column is provided in res_obj, or else the identifiers specified in the row names
intgenes_color	The color to use to mark the genes on the main plot.
labels_intgenes	Logical, whether to add the gene identifiers/names close to the marked plots

Details

The genes of interest are to be provided as gene symbols if a symbol column is provided in res_obj, or else b< using the identifiers specified in the row names

Value

An object created by ggplot

Examples

```
library(airway)
data(airway)
airway
dds_airway <- DESeq2::DESeqDataSetFromMatrix(assay(airway),
                                             colData = colData(airway),
                                             design=~cell+dex)
dds_airway <- DESeq2::DESeq(dds_airway)
res_airway <- DESeq2::results(dds_airway)

plot_ma(res_airway, FDR = 0.05, hlines = 1)

plot_ma(res_airway, FDR = 0.1,
        intgenes = c("ENSG00000103196",  # CRISPLD2
                     "ENSG00000120129",  # DUSP1
                     "ENSG00000163884",  # KLF15
                     "ENSG00000179094")  # PER1
       )
```

---

plot_volcano *Volcano plot for log fold changes and log p-values*

Description

Volcano plot for log fold changes and log p-values in the ggplot2 framework, with additional support to annotate genes if provided.

Usage

```
plot_volcano(res_obj, FDR = 0.05, ylim_up = NULL, vlines = NULL,
  title = NULL, intgenes = NULL, intgenes_color = "steelblue",
  labels_intgenes = TRUE)
```

Arguments

res_obj	A DESeqResults object
FDR	Numeric value, the significance level for thresholding adjusted p-values
ylim_up	Numeric value, Y axis upper limits to restrict the view
vlines	The x coordinate (in absolute value) where to draw vertical lines, optional
title	A title for the plot, optional
intgenes	Vector of genes of interest. Gene symbols if a symbol column is provided in res_obj, or else the identifiers specified in the row names
intgenes_color	The color to use to mark the genes on the main plot.
labels_intgenes	Logical, whether to add the gene identifiers/names close to the marked plots

Details

The genes of interest are to be provided as gene symbols if a symbol column is provided in res_obj, or else b< using the identifiers specified in the row names

Value

An object created by ggplot

Examples

```
library(airway)
data(airway)
airway
dds_airway <- DESeq2::DESeqDataSetFromMatrix(assay(airway),
                                             colData = colData(airway),
                                             design=~cell+dex)
dds_airway <- DESeq2::DESeq(dds_airway)
res_airway <- DESeq2::results(dds_airway)

plot_volcano(res_airway)
```

---

sepguesser *Make an educated guess on the separator character*

Description

This function tries to guess which separator was used in a text delimited file

Usage

```
sepguesser(file, sep_list = c(",", "\t", ";", " "))
```

Arguments

file	The name of the file which the data are to be read from
sep_list	A vector containing the candidates for being identified as separators. Defaults to c(",", "\t", ";"," ")

Value

A character value, corresponding to the guessed separator. One of "," (comma), "\t" (tab), ";" (semicolon)," " (whitespace)

Examples

```
sepguesser(system.file("extdata/design_commas.txt",package = "ideal"))
sepguesser(system.file("extdata/design_semicolons.txt",package = "ideal"))
sepguesser(system.file("extdata/design_spaces.txt",package = "ideal"))
mysep <- sepguesser(system.file("extdata/design_tabs.txt",package = "ideal"))

# to be used for reading in the same file, without having to specify the sep
```

Index