

# Package ‘rtracklayer’

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**Title** R interface to genome annotation files and the UCSC genome browser

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**LinkingTo** S4Vectors, IRanges, XVector

**Description** Extensible framework for interacting with multiple genome browsers (currently UCSC built-in) and manipulating annotation tracks in various formats (currently GFF, BED, bedGraph, BED15, WIG, BigWig and 2bit built-in). The user may export/import tracks to/from the supported browsers, as well as query and modify the browser state, such as the current viewport.

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**Collate** io.R web.R ranges.R trackDb.R browser.R ucsc.R readGFF.R gff.R bed.R wig.R utils.R bigWig.R bigBed.R chain.R quickload.R trackhub.R twobit.R fasta.R tabix.R bam.R trackTable.R index.R test\_rtracklayer\_package.R ncbi.R igv.R zzz.R

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|                    |                                  |
|--------------------|----------------------------------|
| activeView-methods | <i>Accessing the active view</i> |
|--------------------|----------------------------------|

---

**Description**

Get the active view.

**Methods**

The following methods are defined by **rtracklayer**.

**object = "BrowserSession"** activeView(object): Gets the active [BrowserView](#) from a browser session.  
activeView(object) <- value: Sets the active [BrowserView](#) in a browser session.

---

|       |                                |
|-------|--------------------------------|
| asBED | <i>Coerce to BED structure</i> |
|-------|--------------------------------|

---

**Description**

Coerce the structure of an object to one following BED-like conventions, i.e., with columns for blocks and thick regions.

**Usage**

```
asBED(x, ...)  
## S4 method for signature 'GRangesList'  
asBED(x)  
## S4 method for signature 'GAlignments'  
asBED(x)
```

**Arguments**

|     |                                                 |
|-----|-------------------------------------------------|
| x   | Generally, a tabular object to structure as BED |
| ... | Arguments to pass to methods                    |

**Details**

The exact behavior depends on the class of object.

**GRangesList** This treats object as if it were a list of transcripts, i.e., each element contains the exons of a transcript. The blockStarts and blockSizes columns are derived from the ranges in each element. Also, add name column from names(object).

**GAlignments** Converts to GRangesList via grglist and procedes accordingly.

**Value**

A GRanges, with the columns name, blockStarts and blockSizes added.

**Author(s)**

Michael Lawrence

**Examples**

```
## Not run:
library(TxDb.Hsapiens.UCSC.hg19.knownGene)
exons <- exonsBy(TxDb.Hsapiens.UCSC.hg19.knownGene)
mcols(asBED(exons))

## End(Not run)
```

---

|       |                                |
|-------|--------------------------------|
| asGFF | <i>Coerce to GFF structure</i> |
|-------|--------------------------------|

---

**Description**

Coerce the structure of an object to one following GFF-like conventions, i.e., using the Parent GFF3 attribute to encode the hierarchical structure. This object is then suitable for export as GFF3.

**Usage**

```
asGFF(x, ...)
## S4 method for signature 'GRangesList'
asGFF(x, parentType = "mRNA", childType = "exon")
```

**Arguments**

|            |                                                                                    |
|------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| x          | Generally, a tabular object to structure as GFF(3)                                 |
| parentType | The value to store in the type column for the top-level (e.g., transcript) ranges. |
| childType  | The value to store in the type column for the child (e.g., exon) ranges.           |
| ...        | Arguments to pass to methods                                                       |

**Value**

For the GRangesList method: A GRanges, with the columns: ID (unique identifier), Name (from names(x), and the names on each element of x, if any), type (as given by parentType and childType), and Parent (to relate each child range to its parent at the top-level).

**Author(s)**

Michael Lawrence

## Examples

```
## Not run:
library(TxDb.Hsapiens.UCSC.hg19.knownGene)
exons <- exonsBy(TxDb.Hsapiens.UCSC.hg19.knownGene)
mcols(asGFF(exons))

## End(Not run)
```

BamFile-methods

*Export to BAM Files*

## Description

Methods for import and export of [GAlignments](#) or [GAlignmentPairs](#) objects from and to BAM files, represented as [BamFile](#) objects.

## Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'BamFile,ANY,ANY'
import(con, format, text, paired = FALSE,
       use.names = FALSE,
       param = ScanBamParam(...),
       genome = NA_character_, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'ANY,BamFile,ANY'
export(object, con, format, ...)
```

## Arguments

|                        |                                                                                                     |
|------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <code>object</code>    | The object to export, such as a <a href="#">GAlignments</a> or <a href="#">GAlignmentPairs</a> .    |
| <code>con</code>       | A path, URL, connection or <a href="#">BamFile</a> object.                                          |
| <code>format</code>    | If not missing, should be “bam”.                                                                    |
| <code>text</code>      | Not supported.                                                                                      |
| <code>paired</code>    | If TRUE, return a <a href="#">GAlignmentPairs</a> object, otherwise a <a href="#">GAlignments</a> . |
| <code>use.names</code> | Whether to parse QNAME as the names on the result.                                                  |
| <code>param</code>     | The <a href="#">ScanBamParam</a> object governing the import.                                       |
| <code>genome</code>    | Single string or <a href="#">Seqinfo</a> object identifying the genome                              |
| <code>...</code>       | Arguments that are passed to <a href="#">ScanBamParam</a> if <code>param</code> is missing.         |

## Details

BAM fields not formally present in the [GAlignments\[Pairs\]](#) object are extracted from the meta-data columns, if present; otherwise, the missing value, “.”, is output. The file is sorted and indexed. This can be useful for subsetting BAM files, although [filterBam](#) may eventually become flexible enough to be the favored alternative.

## Author(s)

Michael Lawrence

**See Also**

The [readGAlignments](#) and [readGAlignmentPairs](#) functions for reading BAM files.

**Examples**

```
library(Rsamtools)
ex1_file <- system.file("extdata", "ex1.bam", package="Rsamtools")
gal <- import(ex1_file, param=ScanBamParam(what="flag"))
gal.minus <- gal[strand(gal) == "-"]
## Not run:
  export(gal, BamFile("ex1-minus.bam"))

## End(Not run)
```

---

BasicTrackLine-class    *Class "BasicTrackLine"*

---

**Description**

The type of UCSC track line used to annotate most types of tracks (every type except Wiggle).

**Objects from the Class**

Objects can be created by calls of the form `new("BasicTrackLine", ...)` or parsed from a character vector track line with `as(text, "BasicTrackLine")` or converted from a [GraphTrackLine](#) using `as(wig, "BasicTrackLine")`.

**Slots**

**itemRgb:** Object of class "logical" indicating whether each feature in a track uploaded as BED should be drawn in its specified color.

**useScore:** Object of class "logical" indicating whether the data value should be mapped to color.

**group:** Object of class "character" naming a group to which this track should belong.

**db:** Object of class "character" indicating the associated genome assembly.

**offset:** Object of class "numeric", a number added to all positions in the track.

**url:** Object of class "character" referring to additional information about this track.

**htmlUrl:** Object of class "character" referring to an HTML page to be displayed with this track.

**name:** Object of class "character" specifying the name of the track.

**description:** Object of class "character" describing the track.

**visibility:** Object of class "character" indicating the default visible mode of the track, see [UCSCTrackModes](#).

**color:** Object of class "integer" representing the track color (as from [col2rgb](#)).

**colorByStrand:** Object of class "matrix" with two columns, as from [col2rgb](#). The two colors indicate the color for each strand (positive, negative).

**priority:** Object of class "numeric" specifying the rank of the track.

**Extends**

Class "[TrackLine](#)", directly.

**Methods**

**as(object, "character")** Export line to its string representation.

**as(object, "GraphTrackLine")** Convert this line to a graph track line, using defaults for slots not held in common.

**fileFormat(x)** Returns "bed"

**Author(s)**

Michael Lawrence

**References**

<https://genome.ucsc.edu/goldenPath/help/customTrack.html#TRACK> for the official documentation.

**See Also**

[GraphTrackLine](#) for Wiggle/bedGraph tracks.

---

Bed15TrackLine-class    *Class "Bed15TrackLine"*

---

**Description**

A UCSC track line for graphical tracks.

**Objects from the Class**

Objects can be created by calls of the form `new("Bed15TrackLine", ...)` or parsed from a character vector track line with `as(text, "Bed15TrackLine")`.

**Slots**

**expStep:** A "numeric" scalar indicating the step size for the heatmap color gradient.

**expScale:** A positive "numeric" scalar indicating the range of the data to be `[-expScale, expScale]` for determining the heatmap color gradient.

**expNames:** A "character" vector naming the the experimental samples.

**name:** Object of class "character" specifying the name of the track.

**description:** Object of class "character" describing the track.

**visibility:** Object of class "character" indicating the default visible mode of the track, see [UCSCTrackModes](#).

**color:** Object of class "integer" representing the track color (as from [col2rgb](#)).

**priority:** Object of class "numeric" specifying the rank of this track.

**Extends**

Class "[TrackLine](#)", directly.

**Methods**

**as(object, "character")** Export line to its string representation.

**fileFormat(x)** Returns "bed15"

**Author(s)**

Michael Lawrence

**References**

Official documentation: [https://genomewiki.ucsc.edu/index.php/Microarray\\_track](https://genomewiki.ucsc.edu/index.php/Microarray_track).

**See Also**

[export.bed15](#) for exporting bed15 tracks.

---

BEDFile-class

*BEDFile objects*

---

**Description**

These functions support the import and export of the UCSC BED format and its variants, including BEDGraph.

**Usage**

```
## S4 method for signature 'BEDFile,ANY,ANY'
import(con, format, text, trackLine = TRUE,
        genome = NA, colnames = NULL,
        which = NULL, seqinfo = NULL, extraCols = character(),
        sep = c("\t", ""), na.strings=character(0L))

import.bed(con, ...)
import.bed15(con, ...)
import.bedGraph(con, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'ANY,BEDFile,ANY'
export(object, con, format, ...)
## S4 method for signature 'GenomicRanges,BEDFile,ANY'
export(object, con, format,
        append = FALSE, index = FALSE,
        ignore.strand = FALSE, trackLine = NULL)
## S4 method for signature 'UCSCData,BEDFile,ANY'
export(object, con, format,
        trackLine = TRUE, ...)
export.bed(object, con, ...)
export.bed15(object, con, ...)
## S4 method for signature 'GenomicRanges,BED15File,ANY'
export(object, con, format,
        expNames = NULL, trackLine = NULL, ...)
export.bedGraph(object, con, ...)
```



**Arguments**

|               |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|---------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| con           | A path, URL, connection or BEDFile object. For the functions ending in <code>.bed</code> , <code>.bedGraph</code> and <code>.bed15</code> , the file format is indicated by the function name. For the base <code>export</code> and <code>import</code> functions, the format must be indicated another way. If <code>con</code> is a path, URL or connection, either the file extension or the format argument needs to be one of “ <code>bed</code> ”, “ <code>bed15</code> ”, “ <code>bedGraph</code> ”, “ <code>bedpe</code> ”, “ <code>narrowPeak</code> ”, or “ <code>broadPeak</code> ”. Compressed files (“ <code>gz</code> ”, “ <code>bz2</code> ” and “ <code>xz</code> ”) are handled transparently. |
| object        | The object to export, should be a <code>GRanges</code> or something coercible to a <code>GRanges</code> . If targeting the BEDPE format, this should be something coercible to <code>Pairs</code> . If the object has a method for <code>asBED</code> (like <code>GRangesList</code> ), it is called prior to coercion. This makes it possible to export a <code>GRangesList</code> or <code>TxDb</code> in a way that preserves the hierarchical structure. For exporting multiple tracks, in the UCSC track line metaformat, pass a <code>GenomicRangesList</code> , or something coercible to one.                                                                                                           |
| format        | If not missing, should be one of “ <code>bed</code> ”, “ <code>bed15</code> ”, “ <code>bedGraph</code> ”, “ <code>bedpe</code> ”, “ <code>narrowPeak</code> ” or “ <code>broadPeak</code> ”.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| text          | If <code>con</code> is missing, a character vector to use as the input                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| trackLine     | For import, an imported track line will be stored in a <a href="#">TrackLine</a> object, as part of the returned <a href="#">UCSCData</a> . For the <code>UCSCData</code> method on export, whether to output the UCSC track line stored on the object, for the other export methods, the actual <code>TrackLine</code> object to export.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| genome        | The identifier of a genome, or a <code>Seqinfo</code> , or NA if unknown. Typically, this is a UCSC identifier like “ <code>hg19</code> ”. An attempt will be made to derive the <code>seqinfo</code> on the return value using either an installed <code>BSgenome</code> package or UCSC, if network access is available.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| colnames      | A character vector naming the columns to parse. These should name columns in the result, not those in the BED spec, so e.g. specify “ <code>thick</code> ”, instead of “ <code>thickStart</code> ”.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| which         | A <code>GRanges</code> or other range-based object supported by <a href="#">findOverlaps</a> . Only the intervals in the file overlapping the given ranges are returned. This is much more efficient when the file is indexed with the <code>tabix</code> utility.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| index         | If TRUE, automatically compress and index the output file with <code>bgzf</code> and <code>tabix</code> . Note that <code>tabix</code> indexing will sort the data by chromosome and start. <code>Tabix</code> supports a single track in a file.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| ignore.strand | Whether to output the strand when not required (by the existence of later fields).                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| seqinfo       | If not NULL, the <code>Seqinfo</code> object to set on the result. Ignored if <code>genome</code> is a <code>Seqinfo</code> object. If the <code>genome</code> argument is not NA, it must agree with <code>genome(seqinfo)</code> .                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| extraCols     | A character vector in the same form as <code>colClasses</code> from <a href="#">read.table</a> . It should indicate the name and class of each extra/special column to read from the BED file. As BED does not encode column names, these are assumed to be the last columns in the file. This enables parsing of the various BEDX+Y formats.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| sep           | A character vector with a single character indicating the field separator, like <code>read.table</code> . This defaults to “ <code>\t</code> ”, as <code>BEDtools</code> requires, but BED files are also allowed to be whitespace separated (“”) according to the UCSC spec.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| na.strings    | Character vector with strings, appended to the standard “ <code>.</code> ”, that represent an NA value.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |

|                       |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|-----------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <code>append</code>   | If TRUE, and <code>con</code> points to a file path, the data is appended to the file. Obviously, if <code>con</code> is a connection, the data is always appended.                                                                                                                                           |
| <code>expNames</code> | character vector naming columns in <code>mcols(object)</code> to export as data columns in the BED15 file. These correspond to the sample names in the experiment. If NULL (the default), there is an attempt to extract these from <code>trackLine</code> . If the attempt fails, no scores are exported.    |
| <code>...</code>      | Arguments to pass down to methods to other methods. For import, the flow eventually reaches the <code>BEDFile</code> method on import. When <code>trackLine</code> is TRUE or the target format is BED15, the arguments are passed through <code>export.ucsc</code> , so track line parameters are supported. |

## Details

The BED format is a tab-separated table of intervals, with annotations like name, score and even sub-intervals for representing alignments and gene models. Official (UCSC) child formats currently include BED15 (adding a number matrix for e.g. expression data across multiple samples) and BEDGraph (a compressed means of storing a single score variable, e.g. coverage; overlapping features are not allowed). Many tools and organizations have extended the BED format with additional columns for particular use cases. The advantage of BED is its balance between simplicity and expressiveness. It is also relatively scalable, because only the first three columns (chrom, start and end) are required. Thus, BED is best suited for representing simple features. For specialized cases, one is usually better off with another format. For example, genome-scale vectors belong in [BigWig](#), alignments from high-throughput sequencing belong in [BAM](#), and gene models are more richly expressed in [GFF](#).

The following is the mapping of BED elements to a `GRanges` object. NA values are allowed only where indicated. These appear as a “.” in the file. Only the first three columns (chrom, start and strand) are required. The other columns can only be included if all previous columns (to the left) are included. Upon export, default values are used to automatically pad the table, if necessary.

**chrom, start, end** the ranges component.

**name** character vector (NA's allowed) in the name column; defaults to NA on export.

**score** numeric vector in the score column, accessible via the score accessor. Defaults to 0 on export. This is the only column present in BEDGraph (besides chrom, start and end), and it is required.

**strand** strand factor (NA's allowed) in the strand column, accessible via the strand accessor; defaults to NA on export.

**thickStart, thickEnd** `IntegerRanges` object in a column named thick; defaults to the ranges of the feature on export.

**itemRgb** an integer matrix of color codes, as returned by `col2rgb`, or any valid input to `col2rgb`, in the `itemRgb` column; default is NA on export, which translates to black.

**blockSizes, blockStarts, blockCounts** `IntegerRangesList` object in a column named blocks; defaults to empty upon BED15 export.

For BED15 files, there should be a column of scores in `mcols(object)` for each sample in the experiment. The columns are named according to the `expNames` (found in the file, or passed as an argument during export). NA scores are stored as “-10000” in the file.

## Value

For a “bedpe” file, a `Pairs` object combining two `GRanges`. The name and score are carried over to the metadata columns.

Otherwise, a `GRanges` with the metadata columns described in the details.

## BEDX+Y formats

To import one of the multitude of BEDX+Y formats, such as those used to distribute ENCODE data through UCSC (narrowPeaks, etc), specify the `extraCols` argument to indicate the expected names and classes of the special columns. We assume that the last `length(extraCols)` columns are special, and that the preceding columns adhere to the BED format. “narrowPeak” and “broadPeak” types are handled explicitly by specifying these types as the `format` argument, rather than by using `extraCols`.

## BEDFile objects

The `BEDFile` class extends `BiocFile` and is a formal representation of a resource in the BED format. To cast a path, URL or connection to a `BEDFile`, pass it to the `BEDFile` constructor. Classes and constructors also exist for the subclasses `BED15File`, `BEDGraphFile` and `BEDPEFile`.

## Author(s)

Michael Lawrence

## References

<https://genome.ucsc.edu/goldenPath/help/customTrack.html> <http://bedtools.readthedocs.org/en/latest/content/general-usage.html>

## Examples

```
test_path <- system.file("tests", package = "rtracklayer")
test_bed <- file.path(test_path, "test.bed")

test <- import(test_bed)
test

test_bed_file <- BEDFile(test_bed)
import(test_bed_file)

test_bed_con <- file(test_bed)
import(test_bed_con, format = "bed")

import(test_bed, trackLine = FALSE)
import(test_bed, genome = "hg19")
import(test_bed, colnames = c("name", "strand", "thick"))

which <- GRanges("chr7:1-127473000")
import(test_bed, which = which)

bed15_file <- file.path(test_path, "test.bed15")
bed15 <- import(bed15_file)

## Not run:
test_bed_out <- file.path(tempdir(), "test.bed")
export(test, test_bed_out)

test_bed_out_file <- BEDFile(test_bed_out)
export(test, test_bed_out_file)

export(test, test_bed_out, name = "Alternative name")
```

```

test_bed_gz <- paste(test_bed_out, ".gz", sep = "")
export(test, test_bed_gz)

export(test, test_bed_out, index = TRUE)
export(test, test_bed_out, index = TRUE, trackLine = FALSE)

bed_text <- export(test, format = "bed")
test <- import(format = "bed", text = bed_text)

test_bed15_out <- file.path(tempdir(), "test.bed15")
export(bed15, test_bed15_out) # UCSCData knows the expNames
export(as(bed15, "GRanges"), test_bed15_out, # have to specify expNames
       expNames=paste0("breast_", c("A", "B", "C")))

## End(Not run)

```

---

|                  |                                 |
|------------------|---------------------------------|
| BigBedFile-class | <i>BigBed Import and Export</i> |
|------------------|---------------------------------|

---

## Description

These functions support the import and export of the UCSC BigBed format, a compressed, binary form of BED with a spatial index and precomputed summaries. These functions do not work on Windows.

## Usage

```

## S4 method for signature 'BigBedFile,ANY,ANY'
import(con, format, text,
       selection = BigBedSelection(which, ...),
       which = con, ...)
import.bb(con, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'ANY,BigBedFile,ANY'
export(object, con, format, ...)
## S4 method for signature 'GenomicRanges,BigBedFile,ANY'
export(object, con, format,
       compress = TRUE, extraIndexes = "")
export.bb(object, con, ...)

```

## Arguments

|        |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|--------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| con    | A path, URL or BigBedFile object. Connections are not supported. For the functions ending in .bb, the file format is indicated by the function name. For the export and import methods, the format must be indicated another way. If con is a path, or URL, either the file extension or the format argument needs to be “bigBed” or “bb”. |
| object | The object to export, should be GRanges.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| format | If not missing, should be “bigBed” or “bb” (case insensitive).                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| text   | Not supported.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |

|              |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|--------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| selection    | A <a href="#">BigBedSelection</a> object indicating the ranges to load.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| which        | A range data structure coercible to <a href="#">IntegerRangesList</a> , like a <a href="#">GRanges</a> , or a <a href="#">BigBedFile</a> . Only the intervals in the file overlapping the given ranges are returned. By default, the value is the <a href="#">BigBedFile</a> itself. Its <a href="#">Seqinfo</a> object is extracted and coerced to a <a href="#">IntegerRangesList</a> that represents the entirety of the file. |
| compress     | If TRUE, compress the data. No reason to change this.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| extraIndexes | If set, make an index on each field in a comma separated list                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| ...          | Arguments to pass down to methods to other methods. For import, the flow eventually reaches the <a href="#">BigBedFile</a> method on import.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |

### BigBedFile objects

A [BigWigFile](#) object, an extension of [BiocFile](#) is a reference to a [BigBed](#) file. To cast a path, URL or connection to a [BigBedFile](#), pass it to the [BigBedFile](#) constructor.

[BigBed](#) files are more complex than most track files, and there are a number of methods on [BigBedFile](#) for accessing the additional information:

[seqinfo\(x\)](#) Gets the [Seqinfo](#) object indicating the lengths of the sequences for the intervals in the file. No circularity or genome information is available.

When accessing remote data, the UCSC library caches data in the `‘/tmp/udcCache’` directory. To clean the cache, call `cleanBigBedCache(maxDays)`, where any files older than `maxDays` days old will be deleted.

### Author(s)

Michael Lawrence

### Examples

```
if (.Platform$OS.type != "windows") {
  test_path <- system.file("tests", package = "rtracklayer")
  test_bb <- file.path(test_path, "test.bb")

  ## Returns ranges with all fields
  gr <- import(test_bb)
  gr

  ## Returns ranges only for 'chr10'
  ## between 180185-180185 with all fields
  which <- GRanges(c("chr10"), IRanges(c(180185, 180185)))
  import(test_bb, which = which)

  ## Returns ranges only for 'chr10'
  ## between 180185-180185 with name and peak fields
  selection <- BigBedSelection(which, colnames = c("name", "peak"))
  import(test_bb, selection = selection)

  ## Not run:
  test_bb_out <- file.path(tempdir(), "test_out.bb")
  export(test, test_bb_out)

  ## make an index for 'name'
```

```

test_bb_out <- file.path(tempdir(), "test_out.bb")
export(test, test_bb_out, extraIndexes = "name")

## End(Not run)
}

```

---

BigBedSelection-class    *Selection of ranges and columns*

---

## Description

A BigBedSelection represents a query against a BigBed file, see [import.bb](#). It is simply a [RangedSelection](#) with colnames parameter. colnames should be a character vector of column names. Default columns are "name", "score", "thick", "itemRgb" and "blocks", if non-empty, as that is the only column supported by BigBed.

## Constructor

BigBedSelection(ranges = GRanges(), colnames = "score") Constructs a BigBedSelection with the given ranges and colnames. a character identifying a genome (see [GenomicSelection](#)), or a [BigBedFile](#), in which case the ranges are derived from the bounds of its sequences.

## Coercion

as(from, "BigBedSelection") Coerces from to a BigBedSelection object. Typically, from is a [GRanges](#) or a [IntegerRangesList](#), the ranges of which become the ranges in the new BigBedSelection.

## Author(s)

Michael Lawrence

## Examples

```

r1 <- IRangesList(chr1 = IRanges::IRanges(c(1, 5), c(3, 6)))

BigBedSelection(r1)
as(r1, "BigBedSelection") # same as above

# do not select any column
BigBedSelection(r1, character())

```

## Description

These functions support the import and export of the UCSC BigWig format, a compressed, binary form of WIG/BEDGraph with a spatial index and precomputed summaries. These functions do not work on Windows.

## Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'BigWigFile,ANY,ANY'
import(con, format, text,
       selection = BigWigSelection(which, ...),
       which = con,
       as = c("GRanges", "RleList", "NumericList"), ...)
import.bw(con, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'ANY,BigWigFile,ANY'
export(object, con, format, ...)
## S4 method for signature 'GenomicRanges,BigWigFile,ANY'
export(object, con, format,
       dataFormat = c("auto", "variableStep", "fixedStep",
                      "bedGraph"), compress = TRUE, fixedSummaries = FALSE)
export.bw(object, con, ...)
```

## Arguments

|            |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| con        | A path, URL or BigWigFile object. Connections are not supported. For the functions ending in .bw, the file format is indicated by the function name. For the export and import methods, the format must be indicated another way. If con is a path, or URL, either the file extension or the format argument needs to be “bigWig” or “bw”.  |
| object     | The object to export, should be an RleList, IntegerList, NumericList, GRanges or something coercible to a GRanges.                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| format     | If not missing, should be “bigWig” or “bw” (case insensitive).                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| text       | Not supported.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| as         | Specifies the class of the return object. Default is GRanges, which has one range per range in the file, and a score column holding the value for each range. For NumericList, one numeric vector is returned for each range in the selection argument. For RleList, there is one Rle per sequence, and that Rle spans the entire sequence. |
| selection  | A <a href="#">BigWigSelection</a> object indicating the ranges to load.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| which      | A range data structure coercible to IntegerRangesList, like a GRanges, or a BigWigFile. Only the intervals in the file overlapping the given ranges are returned. By default, the value is the BigWigFile itself. Its Seqinfo object is extracted and coerced to a IntegerRangesList that represents the entirety of the file.              |
| dataFormat | Probably best left to “auto”. Exists only for historical reasons.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |

|                             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|-----------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <code>compress</code>       | If TRUE, compress the data. No reason to change this.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <code>fixedSummaries</code> | If TRUE, compute summaries at fixed resolutions corresponding to the default zoom levels in the Ensembl genome browser (with some extrapolation): 30X, 65X, 130X, 260X, 450X, 648X, 950X, 1296X, 4800X, 19200X. Otherwise, the resolutions are dynamically determined by an algorithm that computes an initial summary size by initializing to 10X the size of the smallest feature and doubling the size as needed until the size of the summary is less than half that of the data (or there are no further gains). It then computes up to 10 more levels of summary, quadrupling the size each time, until the summaries start to exceed the sequence size. |
| <code>...</code>            | Arguments to pass down to methods to other methods. For import, the flow eventually reaches the <code>BigWigFile</code> method on <code>import</code> .                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |

### Value

A `GRanges` (default), `RleList` or `NumericList`. `GRanges` return ranges with non-zero score values in a score metadata column. The length of the `NumericList` is the same length as the selection argument (one list element per range). The return order in the `NumericList` matches the order of the `BigWigSelection` object.

### BigWigFile objects

A `BigWigFile` object, an extension of `BiocFile` is a reference to a BigWig file. To cast a path, URL or connection to a `BigWigFile`, pass it to the `BigWigFile` constructor.

BigWig files are more complex than most track files, and there are a number of methods on `BigWigFile` for accessing the additional information:

`seqinfo(x)` Gets the `Seqinfo` object indicating the lengths of the sequences for the intervals in the file. No circularity or genome information is available.

`summary(ranges = as(seqinfo(object), "GenomicRanges"), size = 1L, type = c("mean", "min", "max", "coverage"))`

Aggregates the intervals in the file that fall into `ranges`, which should be something coercible to `GRanges`. The aggregation essentially compresses each sequence to a length of `size`. The algorithm is specified by `type`; available algorithms include the mean, min, max, coverage (percent sequence covered by at least one feature), and standard deviation. When a window contains no features, `defaultValue` is assumed. The result type depends on `as`, and can be a `GRangesList`, `RleList` or matrix, where the number elements (or rows) is equal to the length of `ranges`. For `as="matrix"`, there must be one unique value of `size`, which is equal to the number of columns in the result. The `as="matrix"` case is the only one that supports a `size` greater than the width of the corresponding element in `ranges`, where values are interpolated to yield the matrix result. The driving use case for this is visualization of coverage when the screen space is small compared to the viewed portion of the sequence. The operation is very fast, as it leverages cached multi-level summaries present in every BigWig file.

If a summary statistic is not available / cannot be computed for a given range a warning is thrown and the `defaultValue NA_real_` is returned.

When accessing remote data, the UCSC library caches data in the `'/tmp/udcCache'` directory. To clean the cache, call `cleanBigWigCache(maxDays)`, where any files older than `maxDays` days old will be deleted.

### BigWigFileList objects

A `BigWigFileList()` provides a convenient way of managing a list of `BigWigFile` instances.



**Author(s)**

Michael Lawrence

**See Also**[wigToBigWig](#) for converting a WIG file to BigWig.**Examples**

```

if (.Platform$OS.type != "windows") {
  test_path <- system.file("tests", package = "rtracklayer")
  test_bw <- file.path(test_path, "test.bw")

  ## GRanges
  ## Returns ranges with non-zero scores.
  gr <- import(test_bw)
  gr

  which <- GRanges(c("chr2", "chr2"), IRanges(c(1, 300), c(400, 1000)))
  import(test_bw, which = which)

  ## RleList
  ## Scores returned as an RleList is equivalent to the coverage.
  ## Best option when 'which' or 'selection' contain many small ranges.
  mini <- narrow(unlist(tile(which, 50)), 2)
  rle <- import(test_bw, which = mini, as = "RleList")
  rle

  ## NumericList
  ## The 'which' is stored as metadata:
  track <- import(test_bw, which = which, as = "NumericList")
  metadata(track)

  ## Not run:
  test_bw_out <- file.path(tempdir(), "test_out.bw")
  export(test, test_bw_out)

  ## End(Not run)

  bwf <- BigWigFile(test_bw)
  track <- import(bwf)

  seqinfo(bwf)

  summary(bwf) # for each sequence, average all values into one
  summary(bwf, range(head(track))) # just average the first few features
  summary(bwf, size = seqlengths(bwf) / 10) # 10X reduction
  summary(bwf, type = "min") # min instead of mean
  summary(bwf, track, size = 10, as = "matrix") # each feature 10 windows
}

```

## Description

A `BigWigSelection` represents a query against a BigWig file, see [import.bw](#). It is simply a [RangedSelection](#) that requires its `colnames` parameter to be "score", if non-empty, as that is the only column supported by BigWig.

## Constructor

`BigWigSelection(ranges = GRanges(), colnames = "score")` Constructs a `BigWigSelection` with the given ranges and colnames. ranges can be either something coercible to a [IntegerRangesList](#), a character identifying a genome (see [GenomicSelection](#)), or a [BigWigFile](#), in which case the ranges are derived from the bounds of its sequences.

## Coercion

`as(from, "BigWigSelection")` Coerces from to a `BigWigSelection` object. Typically, from is a [GRanges](#) or a [IntegerRangesList](#), the ranges of which become the ranges in the new `BigWigSelection`.

## Author(s)

Michael Lawrence

## Examples

```
r1 <- IRangesList(chr1 = IRanges::IRanges(c(1, 5), c(3, 6)))

BigWigSelection(r1)
as(r1, "BigWigSelection") # same as above

# do not select the 'score' column
BigWigSelection(r1, character())
```

---

blocks-methods

*Get blocks/exons*

---

## Description

Obtains the block ranges (subranges, usually exons) from an object, such as a [GRanges](#) imported from a BED file.

## Usage

```
blocks(x, ...)
```

## Arguments

|                  |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <code>x</code>   | The instance from which to obtain the block/exon information. Currently must be a <code>GenomicRanges</code> , with a metadata column of name "blocks" and of type <code>IntegerRangesList</code> . Such an object is returned by <a href="#">import.bed</a> and <a href="#">asBED</a> . |
| <code>...</code> | Additional arguments for methods                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |

**Value**

A [GRangesList](#) with an element for each range in `x`. The original block ranges are relative to the start of the containing range, so the returned ranges are shifted to absolute coordinates. The `seqname` and `strand` are inherited from the containing range.

**Author(s)**

Michael Lawrence

**See Also**

[import.bed](#) for importing a track from BED, which can store block information; [asBED](#) for coercing a [GenomicRanges](#) into a BED-like structure that can be passed to this function.

---

|                           |                        |
|---------------------------|------------------------|
| <code>browseGenome</code> | <i>Browse a genome</i> |
|---------------------------|------------------------|

---

**Description**

A generic function for launching a genome browser.

**Usage**

```
browseGenome(object, ...)
## S4 method for signature 'GenomicRanges_OR_GenomicRangesList'
browseGenome(object,
  browser = "UCSC", range = base::range(object),
  view = TRUE, trackParams = list(), viewParams = list(),
  name = "customTrack", ...)
```

**Arguments**

|                          |                                                                                                                                  |
|--------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <code>object</code>      | A <a href="#">GRanges</a> object or a list of <a href="#">GRanges</a> objects (e.g. a <a href="#">GenomicRangesList</a> object). |
| <code>browser</code>     | The name of the genome browser.                                                                                                  |
| <code>range</code>       | A genome identifier or a <a href="#">GRanges</a> or <a href="#">IntegerRangesList</a> to display in the initial view.            |
| <code>view</code>        | Whether to open a view.                                                                                                          |
| <code>trackParams</code> | Named list of parameters to pass to <a href="#">track&lt;-</a> .                                                                 |
| <code>viewParams</code>  | Named list of parameters to pass to <a href="#">browserView</a> .                                                                |
| <code>name</code>        | The name for the track.                                                                                                          |
| <code>...</code>         | Arguments passed to <a href="#">browserSession</a> .                                                                             |

**Value**

Returns a [BrowserSession](#).

**Author(s)**

Michael Lawrence

**See Also**

[BrowserSession](#) and [BrowserView](#), the two main classes for interfacing with genome browsers.

**Examples**

```
## Not run:
## open UCSC genome browser:
browseGenome()
## to view a specific range:
range <- GRangesForUCSCGenome("hg18", "chr22", IRanges(20000, 50000))
browseGenome(range = range)
## a slightly larger range:
browseGenome(range = range, end = 75000)
## with a track:
track <- import(system.file("tests", "v1.gff", package = "rtracklayer"))
browseGenome(GRangesList(track))

## End(Not run)
```

---

BrowserSession-class    *Class "BrowserSession"*

---

**Description**

An object representing a genome browser session. As a derivative of [TrackDb](#), each session contains a set of loaded tracks. In addition, it has a set of views, in the form of [BrowserView](#) instances, on those tracks. Note that this is a virtual class; a concrete implementation is provided by each backend driver.

**Objects from the Class**

A virtual Class: No objects may be created from it. See [browserSession](#) for obtaining an instance of an implementation for a particular genome browser.

**Methods**

This specifies the API implemented by each browser backend. Note that a backend is not required to support all operations, and that each backend often has additional parameters for each of the methods. See the backend-specific documentation for more details. The only built-in backend is [UCSCSession](#).

If a method is denoted as *virtual*, it must be implemented by the backend to support the corresponding feature. Otherwise, the fallback behavior is described.

**virtual** [browserView](#)(object, range = range(object), track = trackNames(object), ...) Constructs a [BrowserView](#) of range for this session.

**virtual** [browserViews](#)(object, ...) Gets the [BrowserView](#) instances belonging to this session.

[activeView](#)(object, ...) Returns the [BrowserView](#) that is currently active in the session. Fallback calls [browserViews](#) and queries each view with [activeView](#).

[range](#)(x, ...) Gets the [GRanges](#) representing the range of the genome currently displayed by the browser (i.e. the range shown by the active view) or a default value (possibly NULL) if no views exist.

**virtual** `getSeq`(object, range = range(object), ...) gets a genomic sequence of range from this session.

**virtual** `sequence`(object, ...) <- value Loads a sequence into the session.

**virtual** `track`(object, name = deparse(substitute(track)), view = TRUE, ...) <- value Loads one or more tracks into the session and optionally open a view of the track.

`x[[i]]` <- value Loads the track value into session x, under the name i. Shortcut to above.

`x$name` <- value Loads the track value into session x, under the name name. Shortcut to above.

**virtual** `track`(object, ...) Gets a track from a session.

`x[[i]]` Gets the track named i from session x. A shortcut to track.

`x$name` Gets the track named name from session x. A shortcut to track.

**virtual** `trackNames`(object, ...) Gets the names of the tracks stored in this session.

**virtual** `genome`(x), `genome(x)` <- value Gets or sets the genome identifier (e.g. "hg18") for the session.

**virtual** `close`(con, ...) Close this session.

**show**(object, ...) Output a textual description of this session.

**Author(s)**

Michael Lawrence

**See Also**

`browserSession` for obtaining implementations of this class for a particular genome browser.

---

browserSession-methods

*Get a genome browser session*

---

**Description**

Methods for getting browser sessions.

**Methods**

The following methods are defined by **rtracklayer**.

**object = "character"** `browserSession`(object, ...): Creates a `BrowserSession` from a genome browser identifier. The identifier corresponds to the prefix of the session class name (e.g. "UCSC" in "UCSCSession"). The arguments in ... are passed to the initialization function of the class.

**object = "browserView"** Gets the `BrowserSession` for the view.

**object = "missing"** Calls `browserSession("ucsc", ...)`.

---

|                   |                     |
|-------------------|---------------------|
| BrowserView-class | Class "BrowserView" |
|-------------------|---------------------|

---

## Description

An object representing a genome browser view of a particular segment of a genome.

## Objects from the Class

A virtual Class: No objects may be created from it directly. See [browserView](#) for obtaining an instance of an implementation for a particular genome browser.

## Slots

**session:** Object of class "BrowserSession" the browser session to which this view belongs.

## Methods

This specifies the API implemented by each browser backend. Note that a backend is not guaranteed to support all operations. See the backend-specific documentation for more details. The only built-in backend is [UCSCView](#).

[browserSession\(object\)](#) Obtains the [BrowserSession](#) to which this view belongs.

[close\(object\)](#) Close this view.

[range\(object\)](#) Obtains the [GRanges](#) displayed by this view.

[trackNames\(object\)](#) Gets the names of the visible tracks in the view.

[trackNames\(object\) <- value](#) Sets the visible tracks by their names.

[show\(object\)](#) Outputs a textual description of this view.

[visible\(object\)](#) Get a named logical vector indicating whether each track is visible.

[visible\(object\) <- value](#) Set a logical vector indicating the visibility of each track, with the same names and in the same order as that returned by [visible\(object\)](#).

## Author(s)

Michael Lawrence

## See Also

[browserView](#) for obtaining instances of this class.

---

|                     |                              |
|---------------------|------------------------------|
| browserView-methods | <i>Getting browser views</i> |
|---------------------|------------------------------|

---

## Description

Methods for creating and getting browser views.

## Usage

```
browserView(object, range, track, ...)
```

## Arguments

|        |                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|--------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| object | The object from which to get the views.                                                                                                                                                            |
| range  | The <a href="#">GRanges</a> or <a href="#">IntegerRangesList</a> to display. If there are multiple elements, a view is created for each element and a <a href="#">BrowserViewList</a> is returned. |
| track  | List of track names to make visible in the view.                                                                                                                                                   |
| ...    | Arguments to pass to methods                                                                                                                                                                       |

## Methods

The following methods are defined by **rtracklayer**.

**object = "UCSCSession"** `browserView(object, range = range(object), track = trackNames(object), imagewidth = 800, ...)`: Creates a [BrowserView](#) of range with visible tracks specified by track. The `imagewidth` parameter specifies the width of the track image in pixels. `track` may be an instance of [UCSCTrackModes](#). Arguments in `...` are passed to [ucscTrackModes](#) to create the [UCSCTrackModes](#) instance that will override modes indicated by the track parameter.

## Examples

```
## Not run:
session <- browserSession()
browserView(session,
             GRangesForUCSCGenome("hg19", "chr2", IRanges(20000, 50000)))
## only view "knownGene" track
browserView(session, track = "knownGene")

## End(Not run)
```

BrowserViewList-class    *Lists of BrowserView*

---

### Description

A formal list of [BrowserView](#) objects. Extends and inherits all its methods from [Vector](#). Usually generated by passing multiple ranges to the [browserView](#) function.

### Constructor

`BrowserViewList(...)` Concatenates the [BrowserView](#) objects in ... into a new [BrowserViewList](#). This is rarely called by the user.

### Author(s)

Michael Lawrence

---

browserViews-methods    *Getting the browser views*

---

### Description

Methods for getting browser views.

### Methods

The following methods are defined by **rtracklayer**.

Gets the instances of [BrowserView](#) in the session.

### See Also

**object = "UCSCSession"** [browserView](#) for creating a browser view.

### Examples

```
## Not run:
session <- browseGenome()
browserViews(session)

## End(Not run)
```



---

Chain-class*Chain objects*

---

## Description

A Chain object represents a UCSC chain alignment, typically imported from a chain file, and is essentially a list of ChainBlock objects. Each ChainBlock has a corresponding chromosome (its name in the list) and is a run-length encoded alignment, mapping a set of intervals on that chromosome to intervals on the same or other chromosomes.

## Accessor Methods

In the code snippets below, `x` and `object` are ChainBlock objects.

`ranges(x)` Get the [IntegerRanges](#) object holding the starts and ends of the "from" ranges. Each range is a contiguous block of positions aligned without gaps to the other sequence.

`offset(x)` Integer offset from the "from" start to the "end" start (which could be in another chromosome).

`score(x)` The score for each mapping.

`space(x)` The space (chromosome) of the "to" range.

`reversed(x)` Whether the mapping inverts the region, i.e., the alignment is between different strands.

## Import

A Chain object can be loaded from a UCSC chain format file simply by passing the path `import` function. If the file extension is not "chain", then either pass "chain" to the `format` argument, or cast the path to a ChainFile object. The `import.chain` function is provided as a (slight) convenience. It is documented below, along with the extra `exclude` argument to the `import` method.

`import.chain(con, exclude = "_", ...)` Imports a chain file named `con` as a Chain object, a list of ChainBlocks. Alignments for chromosomes matching the `exclude` pattern are not imported.

## Note

A chain file essentially details many local alignments, so it is possible for the "from" ranges to map to overlapping regions in the other sequence. The "from" ranges are guaranteed to be disjoint (but do not necessarily cover the entire "from" sequence).

## Author(s)

Michael Lawrence

## See Also

[liftOver](#) for performing lift overs using a chain alignment

---

|           |                        |
|-----------|------------------------|
| cpneTrack | <i>CPNE1 SNP track</i> |
|-----------|------------------------|

---

### Description

A GRanges object (created by the GGtools package) with features from a subset of the SNPs on chromosome 20 from 60 HapMap founders in the CEU cohort. Each SNP has an associated data value indicating its association with the expression of the CPNE1 gene according to a Cochran-Armitage 1df test. The top 5000 scoring SNPs were selected for the track.

### Usage

```
data(cpneTrack)
```

### Format

Each feature (row) is a SNP. The association test scores are accessible via [score](#).

### Source

Vince Carey and the GGtools package.

### Examples

```
data(cpneTrack)
plot(start(cpneTrack), score(cpneTrack))
```

---

|                 |                          |
|-----------------|--------------------------|
| FastaFile-class | <i>FastaFile objects</i> |
|-----------------|--------------------------|

---

### Description

These functions support the import and export of the Fasta sequence format, using the Biostrings package.

### Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'FastaFile,ANY,ANY'
import(con, format, text,
       type = c("DNA", "RNA", "AA", "B"), ...)

## S4 method for signature 'ANY,FastaFile,ANY'
export(object, con, format, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'XStringSet,FastaFile,ANY'
export(object, con, format, ...)
```

**Arguments**

|        |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|--------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| con    | A path or FastaFile object. URLs and connections are not supported. If con is not a FastaFile, either the file extension or the format argument needs to be "fasta". Compressed files ("gz", "bz2" and "xz") are handled transparently. |
| object | The object to export, should be an XStringSet or something coercible to a DNASTringSet, like a character vector.                                                                                                                        |
| format | If not missing, should be "fasta".                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| text   | If con is missing, a character vector to use as the input                                                                                                                                                                               |
| type   | Type of biological sequence.                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| ...    | Arguments to pass down to <a href="#">writeXStringSet</a> (export) or the <a href="#">readDNASTringSet</a> family of functions (import).                                                                                                |

**FastaFile objects**

The FastaFile class extends [BiocFile](#) and is a formal representation of a resource in the Fasta format. To cast a path, URL or connection to a FastaFile, pass it to the FastaFile constructor.

**Author(s)**

Michael Lawrence

**See Also**

These functions are implemented by the Biostrings [writeXStringSet](#) (export) and the [readDNASTringSet](#) family of functions (import).

See [export-methods](#) in the **BSgenome** package for exporting a [BSgenome](#) object as a FASTA file.

---

genomeBrowsers

*Get available genome browsers*

---

**Description**

Gets the identifiers of the loaded genome browser drivers.

**Usage**

```
genomeBrowsers(where = topenv(parent.frame()))
```

**Arguments**

|       |                                                 |
|-------|-------------------------------------------------|
| where | The environment in which to search for drivers. |
|-------|-------------------------------------------------|

**Details**

This searches the specified environment for classes that extend [BrowserSession](#). The prefix of the class name, e.g. "ucsc" in "UCSCSession", is returned for each driver.

**Value**

A character vector of driver identifiers.

**Author(s)**

Michael Lawrence

**See Also**

[browseGenome](#) and [browserSession](#) that create browserSession implementations given an identifier returned from this function.

---

GenomicData

*Data on a Genome*

---

**Description**

The rtracklayer package adds convenience methods on top of GenomicRanges and IntegerRangesList to manipulate data on genomic ranges.

**Accessors**

In the code snippets below, x is a GenomicRanges or IntegerRangesList object.

`chrom(x)`, `chrom(x) <- value` Gets or sets the chromosome names for x. The length of value should equal the length of x.

`score(x)` Gets the “score” column from the element metadata of a GenomicRanges or GRangesList. Many track formats have a score column, so this is often used during export. The ANY fallback for this method simply returns NULL.

**Constructor**

`GenomicData(ranges, ..., strand = NULL, chrom = NULL, genome = NULL)` Constructs a GRanges instance with the given ranges and variables in ... (see the [GRanges](#) constructor).

If non-NULL, the strand argument specifies the strand of each range. It should be a character vector or factor of length equal to that of ranges. All values should be either -, +, or \*. To get the levels for strand, call `levels(strand())`.

chrom argument is analogous to seqnames in the GRanges constructor.

The genome argument should be a scalar string. See the examples.

**Author(s)**

Michael Lawrence and Patrick Aboyoun

**Examples**

```
range1 <- IRanges(c(1,2,3), c(5,2,8))

## with some data ##
filter <- c(1L, 0L, 1L)
score <- c(10L, 2L, NA)
strand <- factor(c("+", NA, "-"), levels = levels(strand()))
## GRanges instance
gr <- GenomicData(range1, score, chrom = "chr1", genome = "hg18")
mcols(gr)[["score"]]
strand(gr) ## all '*'
```

```
gr <- GenomicData(range1, score, filt = filter, strand = strand,
                  chrom = "chr1")
mcols(gr)[["filt"]]
strand(gr) ## equal to 'strand'
## coercion from data.frame ##
df <- as.data.frame(gr)
```

---

|                  |                               |
|------------------|-------------------------------|
| GenomicSelection | <i>Genomic data selection</i> |
|------------------|-------------------------------|

---

## Description

Convenience constructor of a [RangedSelection](#) object for selecting a data on a per-chromosome basis for a given genome.

## Usage

```
GenomicSelection(genome, chrom = NULL, colnames = character(0))
```

## Arguments

|          |                                                                                              |
|----------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| genome   | A string identifying a genome. Should match the end of a BSgenome package name, e.g. "hg19". |
| chrom    | Character vector naming chromosomes to select.                                               |
| colnames | The column names to select from the dataset.                                                 |

## Value

A [RangedSelection](#) object, selecting entire chromosomes

## Author(s)

Michael Lawrence

## See Also

[RangedSelection](#), [BigWigSelection](#)

## Examples

```
# every chromosome from hg19
GenomicSelection("hg19")
# chr1 and 2 from hg19, with a score column
GenomicSelection("hg19", c("chr1", "chr2"), "score")
```

GFFFile-class

*GFFFile objects***Description**

These functions support the import and export of the GFF format, of which there are three versions and several flavors.

**Usage**

```
## S4 method for signature 'GFFFile,ANY,ANY'
import(con, format, text,
        version = c("", "1", "2", "3"),
        genome = NA, colnames = NULL, which = NULL,
        feature.type = NULL, sequenceRegionsAsSeqinfo = FALSE)
import.gff(con, ...)
import.gff1(con, ...)
import.gff2(con, ...)
import.gff3(con, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'ANY,GFFFile,ANY'
export(object, con, format, ...)
## S4 method for signature 'GenomicRanges,GFFFile,ANY'
export(object, con, format,
        version = c("1", "2", "3"),
        source = "rtracklayer", append = FALSE, index = FALSE)
## S4 method for signature 'GenomicRangesList,GFFFile,ANY'
export(object, con, format, ...)
export.gff(object, con, ...)
export.gff1(object, con, ...)
export.gff2(object, con, ...)
export.gff3(object, con, ...)
```

**Arguments**

|         |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|---------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| con     | A path, URL, connection or GFFFile object. For the functions ending in .gff, .gff1, etc, the file format is indicated by the function name. For the base export and import functions, the format must be indicated another way. If con is a path, URL or connection, either the file extension or the format argument needs to be one of “gff”, “gff1”, “gff2”, “gff3”, “gvf”, or “gtf”. Compressed files (“gz”, “bz2” and “xz”) are handled transparently. |
| object  | The object to export, should be a GRanges or something coercible to a GRanges. If the object has a method for asGFF, it is called prior to coercion. This makes it possible to export a GRangesList or TxDb in a way that preserves the hierarchical structure. For exporting multiple tracks, in the UCSC track line metaformat, pass a GenomicRangesList, or something coercible to one.                                                                  |
| format  | If not missing, should be one of “gff”, “gff1”, “gff2”, “gff3”, “gvf”, or “gtf”.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| version | If the format is given as “gff”, i.e., it does not specify a version, then this should indicate the GFF version as one of “” (for import only, from the gff-version directive in the file or “1” if none), “1”, “2” or “3”.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |

|                          |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|--------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| text                     | If con is missing, a character vector to use as the input.                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| genome                   | The identifier of a genome, or a Seqinfo, or NA if unknown. Typically, this is a UCSC identifier like “hg19”. An attempt will be made to derive the Seqinfo on the return value using either an installed BSgenome package or UCSC, if network access is available.   |
| colnames                 | A character vector naming the columns to parse. These should name either fixed fields, like source or type, or, for GFF2 and GFF3, any attribute.                                                                                                                     |
| which                    | A GRanges or other range-based object supported by <a href="#">findOverlaps</a> . Only the intervals in the file overlapping the given ranges are returned. This is much more efficient when the file is indexed with the tabix utility.                              |
| feature.type             | NULL (the default) or a character vector of valid feature types. If not NULL, then only the features of the specified type(s) are imported.                                                                                                                           |
| sequenceRegionsAsSeqinfo | If TRUE, attempt to infer the Seqinfo (seqlevels and seqlengths) from the “##sequence-region” directives as specified by GFF3.                                                                                                                                        |
| source                   | The value for the source column in GFF. This is typically the name of the package or algorithm that generated the feature.                                                                                                                                            |
| index                    | If TRUE, automatically compress and index the output file with bgzf and tabix. Note that tabix indexing will sort the data by chromosome and start. Tabix supports a single track in a file.                                                                          |
| append                   | If TRUE, and con points to a file path, the data is appended to the file. Obviously, if con is a connection, the data is always appended.                                                                                                                             |
| ...                      | Arguments to pass down to methods to other methods. For import, the flow eventually reaches the GFFFile method on import. When trackLine is TRUE or the target format is BED15, the arguments are passed through export.ucsc, so track line parameters are supported. |

## Details

The Generic Feature Format (GFF) format is a tab-separated table of intervals. There are three different versions of GFF, and they all have the same number of columns. In GFF1, the last column is a grouping factor, whereas in the later versions the last column holds application-specific attributes, with some conventions defined for those commonly used. This attribute support facilitates specifying extensions to the format. These include GTF (Gene Transfer Format, an extension of GFF2) and GVF (Genome Variation Format, an extension of GFF3). The rtracklayer package recognizes the “gtf” and “gvf” extensions and parses the extra attributes into columns of the result; however, it does not perform any extension-specific processing. Both GFF1 and GFF2 have been proclaimed obsolete; however, the UCSC Genome Browser only supports GFF1 (and GTF), and GFF2 is still in broad use.

GFF is distinguished from the simpler BED format by its flexible attribute support and its hierarchical structure, as specified by the group column in GFF1 (only one level of grouping) and the Parent attribute in GFF3. GFF2 does not specify a convention for representing hierarchies, although its GTF extension provides this for gene structures. The combination of support for hierarchical data and arbitrary descriptive attributes makes GFF(3) the preferred format for representing gene models.

Although GFF features a score column, large quantitative data belong in a format like [BigWig](#) and alignments from high-throughput experiments belong in [BAM](#). For variants, the VCF format (supported by the VariantAnnotation package) seems to be more widely adopted than the GVF extension.

A note on the UCSC track line metaformat: track lines are a means for passing hints to visualization tools like the UCSC Genome Browser and the Integrated Genome Browser (IGB), and they allow multiple tracks to be concatenated in the same file. Since GFF is not a UCSC format, it is not common to annotate GFF data with track lines, but rtracklayer still supports it. To export or import GFF data in the track line format, call `export.ucsc` or `import.ucsc`.

The following is the mapping of GFF elements to a GRanges object. NA values are allowed only where indicated. These appear as a “.” in the file. GFF requires that all columns are included, so export generates defaults for missing columns.

**seqid, start, end** the ranges component.

**source** character vector in the source column; defaults to “rtracklayer” on export.

**type** character vector in the type column; defaults to “sequence\_feature” in the output, i.e., SO:0000110.

**score** numeric vector (NA’s allowed) in the score column, accessible via the score accessor; defaults to NA upon export.

**strand** strand factor (NA’s allowed) in the strand column, accessible via the strand accessor; defaults to NA upon export.

**phase** integer vector, either 0, 1 or 2 (NA’s allowed); defaults to NA upon export.

**group** a factor (GFF1 only); defaults to the seqid (e.g., chromosome) on export.

In GFF versions 2 and 3, attributes map to arbitrary columns in the result. In GFF3, some attributes (Parent, Alias, Note, DBxref and Ontology\_term) can have multiple, comma-separated values; these columns are thus always CharacterList objects.

## Value

A GRanges with the metadata columns described in the details.

## GFFFile objects

The GFFFile class extends `BiocFile` and is a formal representation of a resource in the GFF format. To cast a path, URL or connection to a GFFFile, pass it to the GFFFile constructor. The GFF1File, GFF2File, GFF3File, GVFFile and GTFFile classes all extend GFFFile and indicate a particular version of the format.

It has the following utility methods:

**genome** Gets the genome identifier from the “genome-build” header directive.

## Author(s)

Michael Lawrence

## References

**GFF1, GFF2** <http://www.sanger.ac.uk/resources/software/gff/spec.html>

**GFF3** <http://www.sequenceontology.org/gff3.shtml>

**GVF** <http://www.sequenceontology.org/resources/gvf.html>

**GTF** <http://mblab.wustl.edu/GTF22.html>



**Examples**

```

test_path <- system.file("tests", package = "rtracklayer")
test_gff3 <- file.path(test_path, "genes.gff3")

## basic import
test <- import(test_gff3)
test

## import.gff functions
import.gff(test_gff3)
import.gff3(test_gff3)

## GFFFile derivatives
test_gff_file <- GFF3File(test_gff3)
import(test_gff_file)
test_gff_file <- GFFFile(test_gff3)
import(test_gff_file)
test_gff_file <- GFFFile(test_gff3, version = "3")
import(test_gff_file)

## from connection
test_gff_con <- file(test_gff3)
test <- import(test_gff_con, format = "gff")

## various arguments
import(test_gff3, genome = "hg19")
import(test_gff3, colnames = character())
import(test_gff3, colnames = c("type", "geneName"))

## 'which'
which <- GRanges("chr10:90000-93000")
import(test_gff3, which = which)

## Not run:
## 'append'
test_gff3_out <- file.path(tempdir(), "genes.gff3")

export(test[seqnames(test) == "chr10"], test_gff3_out)
export(test[seqnames(test) == "chr12"], test_gff3_out, append = TRUE)
import(test_gff3_out)

## 'index'
export(test, test_gff3_out, index = TRUE)
test_bed_gz <- paste(test_gff3_out, ".gz", sep = "")
import(test_bed_gz, which = which)

## End(Not run)

```

---

GRangesForUCSCGenome    *GRanges for a Genome*


---

**Description**

These functions assist in the creation of [Seqinfo](#) or [GRanges](#) for a genome.

**Usage**

```
GRangesForUCSCGenome(genome, chrom = NULL, ranges = NULL, ...)
GRangesForBSGenome(genome, chrom = NULL, ranges = NULL, ...)

SeqinfoForUCSCGenome(genome)
SeqinfoForBSGenome(genome)
```

**Arguments**

|        |                                                                           |
|--------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| genome | A string identifying a genome, usually one assigned by UCSC, like "hg19". |
| chrom  | A character vector of chromosome names, or NULL.                          |
| ranges | A <a href="#">IntegerRanges</a> object with the intervals.                |
| ...    | Additional arguments to pass to the <a href="#">GRanges</a> constructor.  |

**Details**

The genome ID is stored in the metadata of the ranges and is retrievable via the [genome](#) function. The sequence lengths are also properly initialized for the genome. This mitigates the possibility of accidentally storing intervals for the wrong genome.

`GRangesForUCSCGenome` obtains sequence information from the UCSC website, while `GRangesForBSGenome` looks for it in an installed `BSGenome` package. Using the latter is more efficient in the long-run, but requires downloading and installing a potentially large genome package, or creating one from scratch if it does not yet exist for the genome of interest.

**Value**

For the `GRangesFor*` functions, a `GRanges` object, with the appropriate [seqlengths](#) and [genome](#) ID.

The `SeqinfoFor*` functions return a `Seqinfo` for the indicated genome.

**Author(s)**

Michael Lawrence

---

GraphTrackLine-class    *Class "GraphTrackLine"*

---

**Description**

A UCSC track line for graphical tracks.

**Objects from the Class**

Objects can be created by calls of the form `new("GraphTrackLine", ...)` or parsed from a character vector track line with `as(text, "GraphTrackLine")` or converted from a [BasicTrackLine](#) using `as(basic, "GraphTrackLine")`.

**Slots**

altColor: Object of class "integer" giving an alternate color, as from [col2rgb](#).

autoScale: Object of class "logical" indicating whether to automatically scale to min/max of the data.

alwaysZero: Object of class "logical" indicating whether to fix the lower limit of the Y axis at zero.

gridDefault: Object of class "logical" indicating whether a grid should be drawn.

maxHeightPixels: Object of class "numeric" of length three (max, default, min), giving the allowable range for the vertical height of the graph.

graphType: Object of class "character", specifying the graph type, either "bar" or "points".

viewLimits: Object of class "numeric" and of length two specifying the data range (min, max) shown in the graph.

yLineMark: Object of class "numeric" giving the position of a horizontal line.

yLineOnOff: Object of class "logical" indicating whether the yLineMark should be visible.

windowingFunction: Object of class "character", one of "maximum", "mean", "minimum", for removing points when the graph shrinks.

smoothingWindow: Object of class "numeric" giving the window size of a smoother to pass over the graph.

type: Scalar "character" indicating the type of the track, either "wig" or "bedGraph".

name: Object of class "character" specifying the name of the track.

description: Object of class "character" describing the track.

visibility: Object of class "character" indicating the default visible mode of the track, see [UCSCTrackModes](#).

color: Object of class "integer" representing the track color (as from [col2rgb](#)).

priority: Object of class "numeric" specifying the rank of this track.

**Extends**

Class "[TrackLine](#)", directly.

**Methods**

**as(object, "character")** Export line to its string representation.

**as(object, "[BasicTrackLine](#)")** Convert this line to a basic UCSC track line, using defaults for slots not held in common.

**fileFormat(x)** Returns the value of @type, either "wig" or "bedGraph"

**Author(s)**

Michael Lawrence

**References**

Official documentation: <https://genome.ucsc.edu/goldenPath/help/wiggle.html>.

**See Also**

[export.wig](#), [export.bedGraph](#) for exporting graphical tracks.

---

IntegerRangesList-methods

*Ranges on a Genome*


---

### Description

Genomic coordinates are often specified in terms of a genome identifier, chromosome name, start position and end position. The `rtracklayer` package adds convenience methods to `IntegerRangesList` for the manipulation of genomic ranges. The spaces (or names) of `IntegerRangesList` are the chromosome names. The universe slot indicates the genome, usually as given by UCSC (e.g. “hg18”).

### Accessors

In the code snippets below, `x` is a `IntegerRangesList` object.

`chrom(x)`, `chrom(x) <- value` Gets or sets the chromosome names for `x`. This is an alias for `names(x)`.

### Author(s)

Michael Lawrence

---

liftOver

*Lift intervals between genome builds*


---

### Description

A reimplementation of the UCSC liftover tool for lifting features from one genome build to another. In our preliminary tests, it is significantly faster than the command line tool. Like the UCSC tool, a chain file is required input.

### Usage

```
liftOver(x, chain, ...)
```

### Arguments

|                    |                                                                                                                  |
|--------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <code>x</code>     | The intervals to lift-over, usually a <a href="#">GRanges</a> .                                                  |
| <code>chain</code> | A <a href="#">Chain</a> object, usually imported with <code>import.chain</code> , or something coercible to one. |
| <code>...</code>   | Arguments for methods.                                                                                           |

### Value

A `GRangesList` object. Each element contains the ranges mapped from the corresponding element in the input (may be one-to-many).

**Author(s)**

Michael Lawrence

**References**<https://genome.ucsc.edu/cgi-bin/hgLiftOver>**Examples**

```
## Not run:
chain <- import.chain("hg19ToHg18.over.chain")
library(TxDb.Hsapiens.UCSC.hg19.knownGene)
tx_hg19 <- transcripts(TxDb.Hsapiens.UCSC.hg19.knownGene)
tx_hg18 <- liftOver(tx_hg19, chain)

## End(Not run)
```

Quickload-class

*Quickload Access***Description**

The Quickload class represents a Quickload data source, essentially directory layout separating tracks and sequences by genome, along with a few metadata files. This interface abstracts those details and provides access to a Quickload at any URL supported by R (HTTP, FTP, and local files). This is an easy way to make data accessible to the Integrated Genome Browser (IGB).

**Constructor**

`Quickload(uri = "quickload", create = FALSE)` Constructs a new Quickload object, representing a repository at `uri`. If `create` is `TRUE`, and `uri` is writeable (i.e., local), the repository is created if it does not already exist. If it does exist, then a message is emitted to indicate that the repository was not recreated.

**Accessor Methods**

In the code snippets below, `x` represents a Quickload object.

`x$genome, x[["genome"]]` Get the [QuickloadGenome](#) object for the genome named `genome`. This is where all the data is stored.

`length(x)` number of genomes in the repository

`uri(x)` Get the URI pointing to the Quickload repository.

`genome(x), names(x)` Get the identifiers of the genomes present in the repository.

**Author(s)**

Michael Lawrence

## Examples

```
ql <- Quickload(system.file("tests", "quickload", package = "rtracklayer"))
uri(ql)
genome(ql)
ql$T_species_Oct_2011
```

---

QuickloadGenome-class    *Quickload Genome Access*

---

## Description

A Quickload data source is a collection of tracks and sequences, separated by genome. This class, QuickloadGenome provides direct access to the data for one particular genome.

## Constructor

QuickloadGenome(quickload, genome, create = FALSE, seqinfo = seqinfo(genome), title = toString(genome))  
 Constructs a new QuickloadGenome object, representing genome in the repository quickload (a URI string or a [Quickload](#) object).

The genome argument can be an ID corresponding to a genome (potentially) in quickload or an installed BSgenome package. It can also be any instance of a class which has methods for organism and releaseDate. A good example is [BSgenome](#) or any other derivative of [GenomeDescription](#). Those items are necessary for constructing the canonical Quickload genome string (G\_Species\_Month\_Year).

If create is TRUE, and the genome does not already exist, the genome will be created, using seqinfo for the sequence lengths and title for the display name of the genome in a UI. Creation only works if the repository is local and writeable. Reasonable defaults are used for seqinfo and title when the necessary methods are available (and they are for BSgenome).

## Accessor Methods

In the code snippets below, x and object represent a Quickload object.

seqinfo(x), seqinfo(x) <- value Gets or sets the [Seqinfo](#) object indicating the lengths of the sequences in the genome. No circularity information or genome identifier is stored.

quickload(x) Get the Quickload object that contains this genome.

uri(x) Get the uri pointing to the genome directory in the Quickload repository

genome(x) Get the name of the genome, e.g. "H\_sapiens\_Feb\_2009".

releaseDate(x) Get the release portion of the genome name, e.g., "Feb\_2009".

organism(object) Get the organism portion of the genome name, e.g., "H sapiens".

trackNames(object) Get the names of the tracks present in the Quickload repository

## Data Access

length(x) number of datasets

names(x), trackNames(x) names of the datasets

mcols(x) merged metadata on the datasets

track(x, name), x\$name get the track called name

`track(x, name, format = bestFileFormat(value), ...) <- value, x$name <- value` store the track value under name. Note that track storing is only supported for local repositories, i.e., those with a `file://` URI scheme.

Currently, supported value types include a `GenomicRanges`, `GRangesList`, or a file resource (copied to the repository). The file resource may be represented as a path, URL, [BiocFile](#) or [RsamtoolsFile](#). If not a file name, value is written in format. For generic interval data, this means a BigWig file (if there is a numeric “score” column) or a BED file otherwise. An `RleList` (e.g., coverage) is output as BigWig. For `UCSCData` values, the format is chosen according to the type of track line. For `RsamtoolsFile` objects, the file and its index are copied.

The arguments in `...` become attributes in the XML metadata. The “description” attribute is standard and is a blurb for describing the track in a UI. For the rest, the interpretation is up to the client. IGB supports an ever-growing list; please see its documentation.

`referenceSequence(x)` Get the reference sequence, as a `DNASTringSet`.

`referenceSequence(x) <- value` Set the reference sequence, as a `DNASTringSet`. It is written as a 2bit file. This only works on local repositories.

## Author(s)

Michael Lawrence

## Examples

```
tests_dir <- system.file("tests", package = "rtracklayer")
ql <- Quickload(file.path(tests_dir, "quickload"))
qlg <- QuickloadGenome(ql, "T_species_Oct_2011")
seqinfo(qlg)
organism(qlg)
releaseDate(qlg)
names(qlg)
mcols(qlg)
if (.Platform$OS.type != "windows") { # temporary
  qlg$bedData
}

## Not run:
## populating the test repository
ql <- Quickload(file.path(tests_dir, "quickload"), create = TRUE)
reference_seq <- import(file.path(tests_dir, "test.2bit"))
names(reference_seq) <- "test"
qlg <- QuickloadGenome(ql, "T_species_Oct_2011", create = TRUE,
  seqinfo = seqinfo(reference_seq))
referenceSequence(qlg) <- reference_seq
test_bed <- import(file.path(tests_dir, "test.bed"))
names(test_bed) <- "test"
qlg$bedData <- test_bed
test_bedGraph <- import(file.path(tests_dir, "test.bedGraph"))
names(test_bedGraph) <- "test"
start(test_bedGraph) <- seq(1, 90, 10)
width(test_bedGraph) <- 10
track(qlg, "bedGraphData", format = "bw") <- test_bedGraph

## End(Not run)
```

---

|         |                                   |
|---------|-----------------------------------|
| readGFF | <i>Reads a file in GFF format</i> |
|---------|-----------------------------------|

---

### Description

Reads a file in GFF format and creates a data frame or [DataFrame](#) object from it. This is a low-level function that should not be called by user code.

### Usage

```
readGFF(filepath, version=0,  
         columns=NULL, tags=NULL, filter=NULL, nrows=-1,  
         raw_data=FALSE)
```

```
GFFcolnames(GFF1=FALSE)
```

### Arguments

|          |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|----------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| filepath | A single string containing the path or URL to the file to read. Alternatively can be a connection.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| version  | readGFF should do a pretty descent job at detecting the GFF version. Use this argument <i>only</i> if it doesn't or if you want to force it to parse and import the file as if its 9-th column was in a different format than what it really is (e.g. specify version=1 on a GTF or GFF3 file to interpret its 9-th column as the "group" column of a GFF1 file). Supported versions are 1, 2, and 3. |
| columns  | The standard GFF columns to load. All of them are loaded by default.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| tags     | The tags to load. All of them are loaded by default.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| filter   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| nrows    | -1 or the maximum number of rows to read in (after filtering).                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| raw_data |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| GFF1     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |

### Value

A [DataFrame](#) with columns corresponding to those in the GFF.

### Author(s)

H. Pages

### See Also

- [import](#) for importing a GFF file as a [GRanges](#) object.
- [makeGRangesFromDataFrame](#) in the **GenomicRanges** package for making a [GRanges](#) object from a data frame or [DataFrame](#) object.
- [makeTxDbFromGFF](#) in the **txdbmaker** package for importing a GFF file as a [TxDb](#) object.
- The [DataFrame](#) class in the **S4Vectors** package.



## Examples

```
## Standard GFF columns.
GFFcolnames()
GFFcolnames(GFF1=TRUE) # "group" instead of "attributes"

tests_dir <- system.file("tests", package="rtracklayer")
test_gff3 <- file.path(tests_dir, "genes.gff3")

## Load everything.
df0 <- readGFF(test_gff3)
head(df0)

## Load some tags only (in addition to the standard GFF columns).
my_tags <- c("ID", "Parent", "Name", "Dbxref", "geneID")
df1 <- readGFF(test_gff3, tags=my_tags)
head(df1)

## Load no tags (in that case, the "attributes" standard column
## is loaded).
df2 <- readGFF(test_gff3, tags=character(0))
head(df2)

## Load some standard GFF columns only (in addition to all tags).
my_columns <- c("seqid", "start", "end", "strand", "type")
df3 <- readGFF(test_gff3, columns=my_columns)
df3
table(df3$seqid, df3$type)
makeGRangesFromDataFrame(df3, keep.extra.columns=TRUE)

## Combine use of 'columns' and 'tags' arguments.
readGFF(test_gff3, columns=my_columns, tags=c("ID", "Parent", "Name"))
readGFF(test_gff3, columns=my_columns, tags=character(0))

## Use the 'filter' argument to load only features of type "gene"
## or "mRNA" located on chr10.
my_filter <- list(type=c("gene", "mRNA"), seqid="chr10")
readGFF(test_gff3, filter=my_filter)
readGFF(test_gff3, columns=my_columns, tags=character(0), filter=my_filter)
```

---

sequence<-methods

*Load a sequence*


---

## Description

Methods for loading sequences.

## Methods

No methods are defined by **rtracklayer** for the `sequence(object, ...) <- value` generic.

## Description

These methods support the import and export of [TabixFile](#) objects. These are generally useful when working with tabix-indexed files that have a non-standard format (i.e., not BED nor GFF), as well as exporting an object with arbitrary columns (like a [GRanges](#)) to an indexed, tab-separated file. This relies on the tabix header, which indicates the columns in the file that correspond to the chromosome, start and end. The BED and GFF parsers handle tabix transparently.

## Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'TabixFile,ANY,ANY'
import(con, format, text,
       which = if (is.na(genome)) NULL
              else as(seqinfoForGenome(genome), "GenomicRanges"),
       genome = NA, header = TRUE, ...)
exportToTabix(object, con, ...)
```

## Arguments

|        |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|--------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| con    | For import, a <a href="#">TabixFile</a> object; for <code>exportToTabix</code> , a string naming the destination file.                                                                                                                                                                 |
| object | The object to export. It is coerced to a <code>data.frame</code> , written to a tab-separated file, and indexed with tabix for efficient range-based retrieval of the data using <code>import</code> .                                                                                 |
| format | If any known format, like “bed” or “gff” (or one of their variants), then the appropriate parser is applied. If any other value, then the tabix header is consulted for the format. By default, this is taken from the file extension.                                                 |
| text   | Ignored.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| which  | A range data structure coercible to <a href="#">IntegerRangesList</a> , like a <a href="#">GRanges</a> . Only the intervals in the file overlapping the given ranges are returned. The default is to use the range over the entire genome given by <code>genome</code> , if specified. |
| genome | The identifier of a genome, or NA if unknown. Typically, this is a UCSC identifier like “hg19”. An attempt will be made to derive the <code>seqinfo</code> on the return value using either an installed <code>BSgenome</code> package or UCSC, if network access is available.        |
| header | If TRUE, then the header in the indexed file, which might include a track line, is sent to the parser. Otherwise, the initial lines are skipped, according to the <code>skip</code> field in the tabix index header.                                                                   |
| ...    | Extra arguments to pass to the underlying import routine, which for non-standard formats is <a href="#">read.table</a> or <a href="#">write.table</a> .                                                                                                                                |

## Value

For `import`, a [GRanges](#) object.

For `exportToTabix`, a [TabixFile](#) object that is directly passable to `import`.

**Author(s)**

Michael Lawrence

**References**

<http://samtools.sourceforge.net/tabix.shtml>

**See Also**

[scanTabix](#) and friends

---

|         |                              |
|---------|------------------------------|
| targets | <i>microRNA target sites</i> |
|---------|------------------------------|

---

**Description**

A data frame of human microRNA target sites retrieved from MiRBase. This is a subset of the hsTargets data frame in the microRNA package. See the rtracklayer vignette for more details.

**Usage**

```
data(targets)
```

**Format**

A data frame with 2981 observations on the following 6 variables.

name The miRBase ID of the microRNA.  
target The Ensembl ID of the targeted transcript.  
chrom The name of the chromosome for target site.  
start Target start position.  
end Target stop position.  
strand The strand of the target site, "+", or "-".

**Source**

The microRNA package, dataset hsTargets. Originally MiRBase (<http://microrna.sanger.ac.uk/>).

**Examples**

```
data(targets)
targetTrack <- with(targets,
  GenomicData(IRanges::IRanges(start, end),
    strand = strand, chrom = chrom))
```

---

|                |                      |
|----------------|----------------------|
| track<-methods | <i>Laying tracks</i> |
|----------------|----------------------|

---

### Description

Methods for loading tracks into genome browsers.

### Usage

```
track(object, ...) <- value
```

### Arguments

|        |                                                                                                                                                                          |
|--------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| object | A <a href="#">BrowserSession</a> into which the track is loaded.                                                                                                         |
| value  | The track(s) to load.                                                                                                                                                    |
| ...    | Arguments to pass on to methods. Can be:<br><b>name</b> The name(s) of the track(s) being loaded.<br><b>view</b> Whether to create a view of the track after loading it. |

### See Also

[track](#) for getting a track from a session.

### Examples

```
## Not run:
  session <- browserSession()
  track <- import(system.file("tests", "v1.gff", package = "rtracklayer"))
  track(session, "My Track") <- track

## End(Not run)
```

---

|               |                        |
|---------------|------------------------|
| TrackDb-class | <i>Track Databases</i> |
|---------------|------------------------|

---

### Description

The TrackDb class is an abstraction around a database of tracks. Implementations include [BrowserSession](#) derivatives and [QuickloadGenome](#). Here, a track is defined as an interval dataset.

### Accessor Methods

Every implementation should support these methods:

```
length(x) number of tracks
names(x), trackNames(x) names of the tracks
mcols(x) merged metadata on the tracks
track(x, name), x$name, x[[name]] get the track called name
track(x, name) <- value, x$name <- value, x[[name]] <- value store the track value under name.
  Different implementations will support different types for value. Generally, an interval data
  structure like GenomicRanges.
```

**Author(s)**

Michael Lawrence

TrackHub-class

*TrackHub Access***Description**

The TrackHub class represents a TrackHub data source, essentially directory layout separating tracks and sequences by genome, along with a few metadata files. This interface abstracts those details and provides access to a TrackHub at any URL supported by R (HTTP, FTP, and local files). This is an easy way to make data accessible to the UCSC Genome Browser.

**Constructor**

`TrackHub(uri, create = FALSE)` Constructs a new TrackHub object, representing a repository at `uri`. If `create` is `TRUE`, and `uri` is writeable (i.e., local), the repository is created if it does not already exist. If it does exist, then a message is emitted to indicate that the repository was not recreated.

**Accessor Methods**

In the code snippets below, `x` represents a TrackHub object.

`x$genome, x[["genome"]]` Get the [TrackHubGenome](#) object for the genome named `genome`.

`length(x)` number of genomes in the repository.

`uri(x)` Get the URI pointing to the TrackHub repository.

`genome(x)` Get the identifiers of the genomes present in the repository.

`writeTrackHub(x)` Write hub content and genomes from memory representation to the hub file and genomes file. It also create resources if they are missing like genomes file and genome directory for newly add genome.

**Data Access**

Note that all storing methods (like `hub()<-`) are only supported for local repositories, i.e., those with a `file://` URI scheme.

`hub(x)` get the value of hub.

`hub(x) <- value` store the value of hub for `x`.

`shortLabel(x)` get the value of hub.

`shortLabel(x) <- value` store the value of shortLabel for `x`.

`longLabel(x)` get the value of hub.

`longLabel(x) <- value` store the value of longLabel for `x`.

`genomeFile(x)` get the value of hub.

`genomeFile(x) <- value` store the value of genomesFile for `x`.

`email(x)` get the value of hub.

`email(x) <- value` store the value of email for `x`.

`descriptionUrl(x)` get the value of hub.  
`descriptionUrl(x) <- value` store the value of `descriptionUrl` for `x`.  
`genomeField(x, name, field)` Get the value of `field` for name `genome`.  
`genomeField(x, name, field) <- value` Set or Update the field and value for name `genome`.  
`genomeInfo(x, name)` Get the Genome object for name `genome`.  
`genomeInfo(x) <- value` Add value (Genome object) to existing genomes list. Genome takes named arguments of all UCSC supported fields for genome file (like `genome`, `trackDb`, `twoBitPath`, etc).

### Author(s)

Michael Lawrence

### Examples

```

th <- TrackHub(system.file("tests", "trackhub", package = "rtracklayer"))
uri(th)
genome(th)
length(th)
th$hg19
th[["hg19"]]
hub(th)
email(th)

## Not run:
hub(th) <- "new_hub"
writeTrackHub(th)

## End(Not run)

```

---

TrackHubGenome-class    *TrackHub Genome Access*

---

### Description

A TrackHub data source is a collection of tracks and sequences, separated by genome. This class, `TrackHubGenome` provides direct access to the data for one particular genome.

### Constructor

`TrackHubGenome(trackhub, genome, create = FALSE)` Constructs a new `TrackHubGenome` object, representing genome in the repository `trackhub` (a URI string or a [TrackHub](#) object).

The `genome` argument can be an ID corresponding to a genome (potentially) in `trackhub` or an installed `BSgenome` package.

If `create` is `TRUE`, and the `trackDb` file does not already exist, it will be created. Creation only works if the repository is local and writeable.

## Accessor Methods

In the code snippets below, `x` represent a `TrackHubGenome` object.

`uri(x)` Get the uri pointing to the genome directory in the TrackHub repository.

`genome(x)` Get the name of the genome, e.g. "hg19".

`length(x)` number of tracks

`names(x)`, `trackNames(x)` names of the tracks

`getTracks(x)` Get the List of Track from the tracks

`trackhub(x)` Get the TrackHub object that contains this genome.

`organism(x)` Get the organism name for this genome, e.g., "H sapiens".

`trackField(x, name, field)` Get the value of field for name track.

`trackField(x, name, field) <- value` Store the field and value for name track.

`writeTrackHub(x)` Write tracks from memory representation to the trackDb file.

## Data Access

`track(x, name)`, `x$name` get the track called name

`track(x, name, format = bestFileFormat(value)) <- value`, `x$name <- value` store the track value under name. Note that track storing is only supported for local repositories, i.e., those with a `file://` URI scheme.

Currently, supported value types include a `GenomicRanges`, `GRangesList`, or a file resource (copied to the repository). The file resource may be represented as a path, URL, [BiocFile](#) or [RsamtoolsFile](#). If not a file name, value is written in format. For generic interval data, this means a BigWig file (if there is a numeric "score" column) or a BED file otherwise. An `RleList` (e.g., coverage) is output as BigWig. For `UCSCData` values, the format is chosen according to the type of track line. For `RsamtoolsFile` objects, the file and its index are copied.

`referenceSequence(x)` Get the reference sequence, as a `DNASTringSet`.

`referenceSequence(x) <- value` Set the reference sequence, as a `DNASTringSet`. It is written as a 2bit file. This only works on local repositories.

## Author(s)

Michael Lawrence

## Examples

```
tests_dir <- system.file("tests", package = "rtracklayer")
th <- TrackHub(file.path(tests_dir, "trackhub"))
thg <- TrackHubGenome(th, "hg19")
length(thg)
organism(thg)
names(thg)

## Not run:
th <- TrackHub(file.path(tests_dir, "trackhub"), create = TRUE)
genomesFile(th) <- "genomes.txt"
genomeInfo(th) <- Genome(genome = "hg38", trackDb = "hg38/trackDb.txt")
genomeField(th, "hg38", "twoBitPath") <- "hg38/seq.2bit"
writeTrackHub(th)
```

```

thg <- TrackHubGenome(th, "hg38", create = TRUE)
seq <- import(file.path(tests_dir, "test.2bit"))
referenceSequence(thg) <- seq
track(thg, "PeaksData") <- paste0(tests_dir, "/test.bigWig")
trackField(thg, "wgEncodeUWDukeDnaseGM12878FdrPeaks", "bigDataUrl") <- "hg38/wgEncodeCshlShortRnaSeq.bigWig"
trackField(thg, "wgEncodeUWDukeDnaseGM12878FdrPeaks", "color") <- "8,104,172"
writeTrackHub(thg)

## End(Not run)

```

TrackLine-class

*Class "TrackLine"***Description**

An object representing a "track line" in the UCSC format. There are two concrete types of track lines: [BasicTrackLine](#) (used for most types of tracks) and [GraphTrackLine](#) (used for graphical tracks). This class only declares the common elements between the two.

**Objects from the Class**

Objects can be created by calls of the form `new("TrackLine", ...)` or parsed from a character vector track line with `as(text, "TrackLine")`. But note that UCSC only understands one of the subclasses mentioned above.

**Slots**

**name:** Object of class "character" specifying the name of the track.

**description:** Object of class "character" describing the track.

**visibility:** Object of class "character" indicating the default visible mode of the track, see [UCSCTrackModes](#).

**color:** Object of class "integer" representing the track color (as from [col2rgb](#)).

**priority:** Object of class "numeric" specifying the rank of this track.

**Methods**

**as(object, "character")** Export line to its string representation.

**Author(s)**

Michael Lawrence

**References**

<https://genome.ucsc.edu/goldenPath/help/customTrack.html#TRACK> for the official documentation.

**See Also**

[BasicTrackLine](#) (used for most types of tracks) and [GraphTrackLine](#) (used for Wiggle/bedGraph tracks).



## Description

Methods for getting and setting track names.

## Methods

The following methods are defined by **rtracklayer** for **getting** track names via the generic `trackNames(object, ...)`.

Get the tracks loaded in the session.

**object = "UCSCSession"** **object = "UCSCTrackModes"** Get the visible tracks according to the modes (all tracks not set to "hide").

**object = "UCSCView"** Get the visible tracks in the view.

The following methods are defined by **rtracklayer** for **setting** track names via the generic `trackNames(object) <- value`.

**object = "UCSCTrackModes"** Sets the tracks that should be visible in the modes. All specified tracks with mode "hide" in object are set to mode "full". Any tracks in object that are not specified in the value are set to "hide". No other modes are changed.

**object = "UCSCView"** Sets the visible tracks in the view. This opens a new web browser with only the specified tracks visible.

## Description

These functions support the import and export of the UCSC 2bit compressed sequence format. The main advantage is speed of subsequence retrieval, as it only loads the sequence in the requested intervals. Compared to the FA format supported by Rsamtools, 2bit offers the additional feature of masking and also has better support in Java (and thus most genome browsers). The supporting TwoBitFile class is a reference to a TwoBit file.

## Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'TwoBitFile,ANY,ANY'
import(con, format, text,
       which = as(seqinfo(con), "GenomicRanges"), ...)
## S4 method for signature 'TwoBitFile'
getSeq(x, which = as(seqinfo(x), "GenomicRanges"))
import.2bit(con, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'ANY,TwoBitFile,ANY'
export(object, con, format, ...)
## S4 method for signature 'DNAStringSet,TwoBitFile,ANY'
export(object, con, format)
## S4 method for signature 'DNAStringSet,character,ANY'
export(object, con, format, ...)
export.2bit(object, con, ...)
```

**Arguments**

|                        |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <code>con</code>       | A path, URL or <code>TwoBitFile</code> object. Connections are not supported. For the functions ending in <code>.2bit</code> , the file format is indicated by the function name. For the export and import methods, the format must be indicated another way. If <code>con</code> is a path, or URL, either the file extension or the format argument needs to be “twoBit” or “2bit”.                          |
| <code>object, x</code> | The object to export, either a <code>DNAStrngSet</code> or something coercible to a <code>DNAStrngSet</code> , like a character vector.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <code>format</code>    | If not missing, should be “twoBit” or “2bit” (case insensitive).                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <code>text</code>      | Not supported.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <code>which</code>     | A range data structure coercible to <code>IntegerRangesList</code> , like a <code>GRanges</code> , or a <code>TwoBitFile</code> . Only the intervals in the file overlapping the given ranges are returned. By default, the value is the <code>TwoBitFile</code> itself. Its <code>Seqinfo</code> object is extracted and coerced to a <code>IntegerRangesList</code> that represents the entirety of the file. |
| <code>...</code>       | Arguments to pass down to methods to other methods. For import, the flow eventually reaches the <code>TwoBitFile</code> method on import. For export, the <code>TwoBitFile</code> methods on export are the sink.                                                                                                                                                                                               |

**Value**

For import, a `DNAStrngSet`.

**TwoBitFile objects**

A `TwoBitFile` object, an extension of [BiocFile-class](#) is a reference to a TwoBit file. To cast a path, URL or connection to a `TwoBitFile`, pass it to the `TwoBitFile` constructor.

A TwoBit file embeds the sequence information, which can be retrieved with the following:

`seqinfo(x)` Gets the [Seqinfo](#) object indicating the lengths of the sequences for the intervals in the file. No circularity or genome information is available.

**Note**

The 2bit format only supports A, C, G, T and N (via an internal mask). To export sequences with additional IUPAC ambiguity codes, first pass the object through [replaceAmbiguities](#) from the `Biostrings` package.

**Author(s)**

Michael Lawrence

**See Also**

[export-methods](#) in the **BSgenome** package for exporting a **BSgenome** object as a twoBit file.

**Examples**

```
test_path <- system.file("tests", package = "rtracklayer")
test_2bit <- file.path(test_path, "test.2bit")

test <- import(test_2bit)
```

```

test

test_2bit_file <- TwoBitFile(test_2bit)
import(test_2bit_file) # the whole file

which_range <- IRanges(c(10, 40), c(30, 42))
which <- GRanges(names(test), which_range)
import(test_2bit, which = which)

seqinfo(test_2bit_file)

## Not run:
test_2bit_out <- file.path(tempdir(), "test_out.2bit")
export(test, test_2bit_out)

## just a character vector
test_char <- as.character(test)
export(test_char, test_2bit_out)

## End(Not run)

```

UCSCData-class

*Class "UCSCData"***Description**

Each track in UCSC has an associated [TrackLine](#) that contains metadata on the track.

**Slots**

**trackLine:** Object of class "TrackLine" holding track metadata.

**Methods**

[export.bed](#)(object, con, variant = c("base", "bedGraph", "bed15"), color, trackLine = TRUE, ...) Exports the track and its track line (if trackLine is TRUE) to con in the Browser Extended Display (BED) format. The arguments in ... are passed to [export.ucsc](#).

[export.bed15](#)(object, con, expNames = NULL, ...) Exports the track and its track line (if trackLine is TRUE) to con in the Bed15 format. The data is taken from the columns named in expNames, which defaults to the expNames in the track line, if any, otherwise all column names. The arguments in ... are passed to [export.ucsc](#).

[export.gff](#)(object) Exports the track and its track line (as a comment) to con in the General Feature Format (GFF).

[export.ucsc](#)(object, con, subformat, ...) Exports the track and its track line to con in the UCSC meta-format.

[as](#)(object, "UCSCData") Constructs a UCSCData from a GRanges instance, by adding a default track line and ensuring that the sequence/chromosome names are compliant with UCSC conventions. If there is a numeric score, the track line type is either "bedGraph" or "wig", depending on the feature density. Otherwise, "bed" is chosen.

**Author(s)**

Michael Lawrence

**See Also**

[import](#) and [export](#) for reading and writing tracks to and from connections (files), respectively.

---

|                |                         |
|----------------|-------------------------|
| UCSCFile-class | <i>UCSCFile objects</i> |
|----------------|-------------------------|

---

**Description**

These functions support the import and export of tracks embedded within the UCSC track line metaformat, whereby multiple tracks may be concatenated within a single file, along with metadata mostly oriented towards visualization. Any [UCSCData](#) object is automatically exported in this format, if the targeted format is known to be compatible. The BED and WIG import methods check for a track line, and delegate to these functions if one is found. Thus, calling this API directly is only necessary when importing embedded GFF (rare), or when one wants to create the track line during the export process.

**Usage**

```
## S4 method for signature 'UCSCFile,ANY,ANY'
import(con, format, text,
       subformat = "auto", drop = FALSE,
       genome = NA, ...)
import.ucsc(con, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'ANY,UCSCFile,ANY'
export(object, con, format, ...)
## S4 method for signature 'GenomicRanges,UCSCFile,ANY'
export(object, con, format, ...)
## S4 method for signature 'GenomicRangesList,UCSCFile,ANY'
export(object, con, format,
       append = FALSE, index = FALSE, ...)
## S4 method for signature 'UCSCData,UCSCFile,ANY'
export(object, con, format,
       subformat = "auto", append = FALSE, index = FALSE, ...)
export.ucsc(object, con, ...)
```

**Arguments**

|           |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|-----------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| con       | A path, URL, connection or UCSCFile object. For the functions ending in <code>.ucsc</code> , the file format is indicated by the function name. For the base export and import functions, “ucsc” must be passed as the format argument.                                                     |
| object    | The object to export, should be a GRanges or something coercible to a GRanges. For exporting multiple tracks pass a GenomicRangesList, or something coercible to one.                                                                                                                       |
| format    | If not missing, should be “ucsc”.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| text      | If con is missing, a character vector to use as the input                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| subformat | The file format to use for the actual features, between the track lines. Must be a text-based format that is compatible with track lines (most are). If an <a href="#">BiocFile</a> subclass other than UCSCFile is passed as con to <code>import.ucsc</code> or <code>export.ucsc</code> , |

the subformat is assumed to be the corresponding format of con. Otherwise it defaults to “auto”. The following describes the logic of the “auto” mode. For import, the subformat is taken as the type field in the track line. If none, the file extension is consulted. For export, if object is a UCSCData, the subformat is taken as the type in its track line, if present. Otherwise, the subformat is chosen based on whether object contains a “score” column. If there is a score, the target is either BEDGraph or WIG, depending on the structure of the ranges. Otherwise, BED is the target.

|        |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|--------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| genome | The identifier of a genome, or NA if unknown. Typically, this is a UCSC identifier like “hg19”. An attempt will be made to derive the seqinfo on the return value using either an installed BSgenome package or UCSC, if network access is available. This defaults to the db BED track line parameter, if any. |
| drop   | If TRUE, and there is only one track in the file, return the track object directly, rather than embedding it in a list.                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| append | If TRUE, and con points to a file path, the data is appended to the file. Obviously, if con is a connection, the data is always appended.                                                                                                                                                                       |
| index  | If TRUE, automatically compress and index the output file with bgzf and tabix. Note that tabix indexing will sort the data by chromosome and start. Tabix supports a single track in a file.                                                                                                                    |
| ...    | Should either specify track line parameters or arguments to pass down to the import and export routine for the subformat.                                                                                                                                                                                       |

## Details

The UCSC track line permits the storage of multiple tracks in a single file by separating them with a so-called “track line”, a line belonging with the word “track” and containing various key=value pairs encoding metadata, most related to visualization. The standard fields in a track depend on the type of track being annotated. See [TrackLine](#) and its derivatives for how these lines are represented in R. The class [UCSCData](#) is an extension of [GRanges](#) with a formal slot for a [TrackLine](#). Each [GRanges](#) in the returned [GenomicRangesList](#) has the track line stored in its metadata, under the `trackLine` key.

For each track object to be exported, if the object is not a [UCSCData](#), and there is no `trackLine` element in the metadata, then a new track line needs to be generated. This happens through the coercion of object to [UCSCData](#). The track line is initialized to have the appropriate type parameter for the subformat, and the required name parameter is taken from the name of the track in the input list (if any). Otherwise, the default is simply “R Track”. The `db` parameter (specific to BED track lines) is taken as `genome(object)` if not NA. Additional arguments passed to the export routines override parameters in the provided track line.

If the subformat is either WIG or BEDGraph, and the features are stranded, a separate track will be output in the file for each strand. Neither of those formats encodes the strand and disallow overlapping features (which might occur upon destrandng).

## Value

A [GenomicRangesList](#) unless `drop` is TRUE and there is only a single track in the file. In that case, the first and only object is extracted from the list and returned. The structure of that object depends on the format of the data. The [GenomicRangesList](#) contains [UCSCData](#) objects.

## UCSCFile objects

The [UCSCFile](#) class extends [BiocFile](#) and is a formal representation of a resource in the UCSC format. To cast a path, URL or connection to a [UCSCFile](#), pass it to the [UCSCFile](#) constructor.

**Author(s)**

Michael Lawrence

**References**

<https://genome.ucsc.edu/goldenPath/help/customTrack.html>

---

|             |                                      |
|-------------|--------------------------------------|
| ucscGenomes | <i>Get available genomes on UCSC</i> |
|-------------|--------------------------------------|

---

**Description**

Get a `data.frame` describing the available UCSC genomes.

**Usage**

```
ucscGenomes(organism=FALSE)
```

**Arguments**

`organism` A `logical(1)` indicating whether scientific name should be appended.

**Details**

For populating the `organism` column, the web url <https://genome.ucsc.edu/cgi-bin> is scraped for every assembly version to get the scientific name.

**Value**

A `data.frame` with the following columns:

|                       |                                                          |
|-----------------------|----------------------------------------------------------|
| <code>db</code>       | UCSC DB identifier (e.g. "hg18")                         |
| <code>species</code>  | The name of the species (e.g. "Human")                   |
| <code>date</code>     | The date the genome was built                            |
| <code>name</code>     | The official name of the genome build                    |
| <code>organism</code> | The scientific name of the species (e.g. "Homo sapiens") |

**Author(s)**

Michael Lawrence

**See Also**

[UCSCSession](#) for details on specifying the genome.

**Examples**

```
ucscGenomes()
```

---

|                  |                    |
|------------------|--------------------|
| UCSCSchema-class | <i>UCSC Schema</i> |
|------------------|--------------------|

---

**Description**

This is a preliminary class that describes a table in the UCSC database. The description includes the table name, corresponding genome, row count, and a textual description of the format. In the future, we could provide more table information, like the links and sample data frame. This is awaiting a use-case.

**Accessor methods**

In the code snippets below, `x/object` is a UCSCSchema object.

`genome(x)` Get the genome for the table.

`tableName(x)` Get the name of the table.

`nrow(x)` Get the number of rows in the table.

**Author(s)**

Michael Lawrence

**Examples**

```
## Not run:
session <- browserSession()
genome(session) <- "mm9"
query <- ucscTableQuery(session, "knownGene")
schema <- ucscSchema(query)
nrow(schema)

## End(Not run)
```

---

|                   |                            |
|-------------------|----------------------------|
| UCSCSession-class | <i>Class "UCSCSession"</i> |
|-------------------|----------------------------|

---

**Description**

An implementation of [BrowserSession](#) for the UCSC genome browser.

**Objects from the Class**

Objects can be created by calls of the form `browserSession("ucsc", url = "https://genome.ucsc.edu/cgi-bin", ...)`. The arguments in `...` correspond to libcurl options, see [http\\_options](#). Setting these options may be useful e.g. for getting past a proxy.

**Slots**

**url:** Object of class "character" holding the base URL of the UCSC browser.

**hguid:** Object of class "numeric" holding the user identification code.

**views:** Object of class "environment" containing a list stored under the name "instances". The list holds the instances of [BrowserView](#) for this session.

**Extends**

Class "[BrowserSession](#)", directly.

**Methods**

[browserView](#)(object, range = range(object), track = trackNames(object), ...) Creates a [BrowserView](#) of range with visible tracks specified by track. track may be an instance of [UCSCTrackModes](#). Arguments in ... should match parameters to a [ucscTrackModes](#) method for creating a [UCSCTrackModes](#) instance that will be merged with and override modes indicated by the track parameter.

[browserViews\(object\)](#) Gets the [BrowserView](#) instances for this session.

[range\(x\)](#) Gets the [GRanges](#) last displayed in this session.

[genome\(x\)](#) Gets the genome identifier of the session, i.e. [genome\(range\(x\)\)](#).

[seqinfo](#) Gets the [Seqinfo](#) object with the lengths of the chromosomes in the current genome. No circularity information is available.

[range\(x\) <- value](#) Sets value, usually a [GRanges](#) object or [IntegerRangesList](#), as the range of session x. Note that this setting only lasts until a view is created or manipulated. This mechanism is useful, for example, when treating the UCSC browser as a database, rather than a genome viewer.

[genome\(x\) <- value](#) Sets the genome identifier on the range of session x.

[getSeq\(object, range, track = "Assembly"\)](#) Gets the sequence in range and track.

[track\(object, name = names\(track\), format = "auto", ...\) <- value](#) Loads a track, stored under name and formatted as format. The "auto" format resolves to "bed" for qualitative data. For quantitative data, i.e., data with a numeric score column, "wig" or "bedGraph" is chosen, depending on how well the data compresses into wig. The arguments in ... are passed on to [export.ucsc](#), so they could be slots in a [TrackLine](#) subclass (and thus specify visual attributes like color) or parameters to pass on to the export function for format. The value may be either a range object (like a [GRanges](#)) or a file object (like a [BEDFile](#)).

[track\(object, name, range = range\(object\), table = NULL\)](#) Retrieves a [GRanges](#) with features in range from track named name. Some built-in tracks have multiple series, each stored in a separate database table. A specific table may be retrieved by passing its name in the table parameter. See [tableNames](#) for a way to list the available tables.

[getTable\(object, name, range = base::range\(object\), table = NULL\)](#) Retrieves the table indicated by the track name and table name, over range, as a data.frame. See [getTable](#).

[trackNames\(object\)](#) Gets the names of the tracks stored in the session.

[ucscTrackModes\(object\)](#) Gets the default view modes for the tracks in the session.

**Author(s)**

Michael Lawrence

**See Also**

[browserSession](#) for creating instances of this class.



## Description

The UCSC genome browser is backed by a large database, which is exposed by the Table Browser web interface. Tracks are stored as tables, so this is also the mechanism for retrieving tracks. The UCSCTableQuery class represents a query against the Table Browser. Storing the query fields in a formal class facilitates incremental construction and adjustment of a query.

## Details

There are six supported fields for a table query:

**provider** The provider should be a session, a genome identifier, or a TrackHub URI. *session*: The [UCSCSession](#) instance from the tables are retrieved. Although all sessions are based on the same database, the set of user-uploaded tracks, which are represented as tables, is not the same, in general.

**tableName** The name of the specific table to retrieve. May be NULL, in which case the behavior depends on how the query is executed, see below.

**range** A genome identifier, a [GRanges](#) or a [IntegerRangesList](#) indicating the portion of the table to retrieve, in genome coordinates. Simply specifying the genome string is the easiest way to download data for the entire genome, and [GRangesForUCSCGenome](#) facilitates downloading data for e.g. an entire chromosome.

**hubUrl** The URI of the specific TrackHub

**genome** A genome identifier of the specific TrackHub, only need to provide it if the provider is up of TrackHub URI.

**names** Names/accessions of the desired features

A common workflow for querying the UCSC database is to create an instance of UCSCTableQuery using the `ucscTableQuery` constructor, invoke `tableNames` to list the available tables for a track, and finally to retrieve the desired table either as a `data.frame` via `getTable` or as a track via `track`. See the examples.

The reason for a formal query class is to facilitate multiple queries when the differences between the queries are small. For example, one might want to query multiple tables within the track and/or same genomic region, or query the same table for multiple regions. The UCSCTableQuery instance can be incrementally adjusted for each new query. Some caching is also performed, which enhances performance.

## Constructor

```
ucscTableQuery(x, range = seqinfo(x), table = NULL, names = NULL, hubUrl = NULL, genome = NULL)
```

Creates a UCSCTableQuery with the UCSCSession, genome identifier or TrackHub URI given as `x` and the table name given by the single string `table`. `range` should be a genome string identifier, a [GRanges](#) instance or [IntegerRangesList](#) instance, and it effectively defaults to `genome(x)`. If the genome is missing, it is taken from the provider. Feature names, such as gene identifiers, may be passed via `names` as a character vector.

## Executing Queries

Below, object is a UCSCTableQuery instance.

`track(object)` Retrieves the indicated table as a track, i.e. a GRanges object. Note that not all tables are available as tracks.

`getTable(object)` Retrieves the indicated table as a data.frame. Note that not all tables are output in parseable form, and that UCSC will truncate responses if they exceed certain limits (usually around 100,000 records). The safest (and most efficient) bet for large queries is to download the file via FTP and query it locally.

`tableNames(object)` Gets the names of the tables available for the provider, table and range specified by the query.

## Accessor methods

In the code snippets below, x/object is a UCSCTableQuery object.

`genome(x)`, `genome(x) <- value` Gets or sets the genome identifier (e.g. "hg18") of the object.

`hubUrl(x)`, `hubUrl(x) <- value` Gets or sets the TrackHub URI.

`tableName(x)`, `tableName(x) <- value` Get or set the single string indicating the name of the table to retrieve. May be NULL, in which case the table is automatically determined.

`range(x)`, `range(x) <- value` Get or set the GRanges indicating the portion of the table to retrieve in genomic coordinates. Any missing information, such as the genome identifier, is filled in using `range(browserSession(x))`. It is also possible to set the genome identifier string or a `IntegerRangesList`.

`names(x)`, `names(x) <- value` Get or set the names of the features to retrieve. If NULL, this filter is disabled.

`ucscSchema(x)` Get the [UCSCSchema](#) object describing the selected table.

`ucscTables(genome, track)` Get the list of tables for the specified track (e.g. "Assembly") and genome identifier (e.g. "hg19"). Here genome and track must be a single non-NA string.

`browserSession(x)`, `browserSession(x) <- value` Gets or sets the [BrowserSession](#) of the object.

## Author(s)

Michael Lawrence

## Examples

```
## Not run:
# query using `session` provider
session <- browserSession()
genome(session) <- "mm9"
## choose the phastCons30way table for a portion of mm9 chr1
query <- ucscTableQuery(session, table = "phastCons30way",
                        range = GRangesForUCSCGenome("mm9", "chr12",
                                                    IRanges(57795963, 57815592)))

## list the table names
tableNames(query)
## retrieve the track data
track(query) # a GRanges object
## get the multiz30waySummary track
```

```

tableName(query) <- "multiz30waySummary"
## get a data.frame summarizing the multiple alignment
getTable(query)

# query using `genome identifier` provider
query <- ucscTableQuery("hg18", table = "snp129",
                        names = c("rs10003974", "rs10087355", "rs10075230"))
ucscSchema(query)
getTable(query)

# query using `TrackHub URI` provider
query <- ucscTableQuery("https://ftp.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/snp/population_frequency/TrackHub/20200227123210/",
                        genome = "hg19", table = "ALFA_GLB")
getTable(query)
# get the list of tables for 'Assembly' track and 'hg19' genome identifier
ucscTables("hg19", "Assembly")

## End(Not run)

```

---

UCSCTrackModes-class    *Class "UCSCTrackModes"*

---

## Description

A vector of view modes ("hide", "dense", "full", "pack", "squish") for each track in a UCSC view.

## Objects from the Class

Objects may be created by calls of the form `ucscTrackModes(object = character(), hide = character(), dense = character(), pack = character(), squish = character(), full = character())`, where `object` should be a character vector of mode names (with its `names` attribute specifying the corresponding track names). The other parameters should contain track names that override the modes in `object`. Later parameters override earlier ones, so, for example, if a track is named in `hide` and `full`, it is shown in the full view mode.

## Slots

**.Data:** Object of class "character" holding the modes ("hide", "dense", "full", "pack", "squish"), with its `names` attribute holding corresponding track names.

**labels:** Object of class "character" holding labels (human-readable names) corresponding to each track/mode.

## Extends

Class "`character`", from data part. Class "`vector`", by class "character", distance 2.

## Methods

`trackNames(object)` Gets the names of the visible tracks (those that do not have mode "hide").

`trackNames(object) <- value` Sets the names of the visible tracks. Any tracks named in `value` are set to "full" if they are currently set to "hide" in this object. Any tracks not in `value` are set to "hide". All other modes are preserved.

`object[i]` Gets the track mode of the tracks indexed by `i`, which can be any type of index supported by character vector subsetting. If `i` is a character vector, it indexes first by the internal track IDs (the names on `.Data`) and then by the user-level track names (the `labels` slot).

`object[i] <- value` Sets the track modes indexed by `i` (in the same way as in `object[i]` above) to those specified in `value`.

### Author(s)

Michael Lawrence

### See Also

[UCSCView](#) on which track view modes may be set.

---

ucscTrackModes-methods

*Accessing UCSC track modes*

---

### Description

Generics for getting and setting UCSC track visibility modes ("hide", "dense", "full", "pack", "squish").

### Methods

The following methods are defined by **rtracklayer** for **getting** the track modes through the generic `ucscTrackModes(object, ...)`.

`function(object, hide = character(), dense = character(), pack = character(), squish = character(), full = character())` Creates an instance of [UCSCTrackModes](#) from `object`, a character vector of mode names, with the corresponding track ids given in the `names` attribute. Note that `object` can be a `UCSCTrackModes` instance, as `UCSCTrackModes` extends `character`. The other parameters are character vectors identifying the tracks for each mode and overriding the modes specified by `object`.

**object = "character"** **object = "missing"** The same interface as above, except `object` defaults to an empty character vector.

**object = "UCSCView"** Gets modes for tracks in the view.

**object = "UCSCSession"** Gets default modes for the tracks in the session. These are the modes that will be used as the default for a newly created view.

The following methods are defined by **rtracklayer** for **setting** the track modes through the generic `ucscTrackModes(object) <- value`.

**object = "UCSCView", value = "UCSCTrackModes"** Sets the modes for the tracks in the view.

**object = "UCSCView", value = "character"** Sets the modes from a character vector of mode names, with the corresponding track names given in the `names` attribute.

### See Also

[trackNames](#) and `trackNames<-` for just getting or setting which tracks are visible (not of mode "hide").

**Examples**

```
# Tracks "foo" and "bar" are fully shown, "baz" is hidden
modes <- ucscTrackModes(full = c("foo", "bar"), hide = "baz")
# Update the modes to hide track "bar"
modes2 <- ucscTrackModes(modes, hide = "bar")
```

---

|                |                         |
|----------------|-------------------------|
| UCSCView-class | <i>Class "UCSCView"</i> |
|----------------|-------------------------|

---

**Description**

An object representing a view of a genome in the UCSC browser.

**Objects from the Class**

Calling `browserView(session, range = range(object), track = trackNames(object), browse = TRUE, ...)` creates `BrowserView` of range with visible tracks specified by track. track may be an instance of `UCSCTrackModes`. Arguments in ... should match parameters to a `ucscTrackModes` method for creating a `UCSCTrackModes` instance that will be merged with and override modes indicated by the track parameter. If browse is TRUE (default), automatically launch a browser to display the view.

**Slots**

form Form parameters representing the client state  
 hgsid Object of class "numeric", which identifies this view to UCSC.  
 session Object of class "BrowserSession" to which this view belongs.

**Extends**

Class "`BrowserView`", directly.

**Methods**

`activeView(object)` Obtains a logical indicating whether this view is the active view.  
`range(object)` Obtains the `GRanges` displayed by this view.  
`range(object) <- value` Sets the `GRanges` or `IntegerRangesList` displayed by this view.  
`trackNames(object)` Gets the names of the visible tracks in this view.  
`trackNames(object) <- value` Sets the visible tracks by name.  
`visible(object)` Get a named logical vector indicating whether each track is visible.  
`visible(object) <- value` Set a logical vector indicating the visibility of each track, in the same order as returned by `visible(object)`.  
`ucscTrackModes(object)` Obtains the `UCSCTrackModes` for this view.  
`ucscTrackModes(object) <- value` Sets the `UCSCTrackModes` for this view. The value may be either a `UCSCTrackModes` instance or a character vector that will be coerced by a call to `ucscTrackModes`.

## Utilities

**viewURL(x)** Gets the URL corresponding to the view x. Typically used when passing browse=FALSE to the constructor in order to display the view in another way.

## Author(s)

Michael Lawrence

## See Also

[browserView](#) for creating instances of this class.

---

WIGFile-class

---

*WIG Import and Export*


---

## Description

These functions support the import and export of the UCSC WIG (Wiggle) format.

## Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'WIGFile,ANY,ANY'
import(con, format, text, genome = NA,
        trackLine = TRUE, which = NULL, seqinfo = NULL, ...)
import.wig(con, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'ANY,WIGFile,ANY'
export(object, con, format, ...)
## S4 method for signature 'GenomicRanges,WIGFile,ANY'
export(object, con, format,
        dataFormat = c("auto", "variableStep", "fixedStep"),
        writer = .wigWriter, append = FALSE, ...)
## S4 method for signature 'SimpleGRangesList,WIGFile,ANY'
export(object, con, format, ...)
## S4 method for signature 'UCSCData,WIGFile,ANY'
export(object, con, format,
        trackLine = TRUE, ...)
export.wig(object, con, ...)
```

## Arguments

|        |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|--------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| con    | A path, URL, connection or WIGFile object. For the functions ending in .wig, the file format is indicated by the function name. For the base export and import functions, the format must be indicated another way. If con is a path, URL or connection, either the file extension or the format argument needs to be “wig”. Compressed files (“gz”, “bz2” and “xz”) are handled transparently. |
| object | The object to export, should be a GRanges or something coercible to a GRanges. For exporting multiple tracks, in the UCSC track line metaformat, pass a GenomicRangesList, or something coercible to one.                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| format | If not missing, should be “wig”.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |

|            |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| text       | If con is missing, a character vector to use as the input                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| trackLine  | Whether to parse/output a UCSC track line. An imported track line will be stored in a <a href="#">TrackLine</a> object, as part of the returned <a href="#">UCSCData</a> .                                                                            |
| genome     | The identifier of a genome, or NA if unknown. Typically, this is a UCSC identifier like “hg19”. An attempt will be made to derive the seqinfo on the return value using either an installed BSgenome package or UCSC, if network access is available. |
| seqinfo    | If not NULL, the Seqinfo object to set on the result. If the genome argument is not NA, it must agree with genome(seqinfo).                                                                                                                           |
| which      | A range data structure like IntegerRangesList or GRanges. Only the intervals in the file overlapping the given ranges are returned. This is inefficient; use BigWig for efficient spatial queries.                                                    |
| append     | If TRUE, and con points to a file path, the data is appended to the file. Obviously, if con is a connection, the data is always appended.                                                                                                             |
| dataFormat | Probably best left to “auto”. Exists only for historical reasons.                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| writer     | Function for writing out the blocks; for internal use only.                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| ...        | Arguments to pass down to methods to other methods. For import, the flow eventually reaches the WIGFile method on import. When trackLine is TRUE, the arguments are passed through export.ucsc, so track line parameters are supported.               |

## Details

The WIG format is a text-based format for efficiently representing a dense genome-scale score vector. It encodes, for each feature, a range and score. Features from the same sequence (chromosome) are grouped together into a block, with a single block header line indicating the chromosome. There are two block formats: fixed step and variable step. For fixed step, the number of positions (or step) between intervals is the same across an entire block. For variable step, the start position is specified for each feature. For both fixed and variable step, the span (or width) is specified in the header and thus must be the same across all features. This requirement of uniform width dramatically limits the applicability of WIG. For scored features of variable width, consider [BEDGraph](#) or [BigWig](#), which is generally preferred over both WIG and BEDGraph. To efficiently convert an existing WIG or BEDGraph file to BigWig, call [wigToBigWig](#). Neither WIG, BEDGraph nor BigWig allow overlapping features.

## Value

A GRanges with the score values in the score metadata column, which is accessible via the score function.

## WIGFile objects

The WIGFile class extends [BiocFile](#) and is a formal representation of a resource in the WIG format. To cast a path, URL or connection to a WIGFile, pass it to the WIGFile constructor.

## Author(s)

Michael Lawrence

## References

<https://genome.ucsc.edu/goldenPath/help/wiggle.html>

**Examples**

```

test_path <- system.file("tests", package = "rtracklayer")
test_wig <- file.path(test_path, "step.wig")

## basic import calls
test <- import(test_wig)
test
import.wig(test_wig)
test_wig_file <- WIGFile(test_wig)
import(test_wig_file)
test_wig_con <- file(test_wig)
import(test_wig_con, format = "wig")
test_wig_con <- file(test_wig)
import(WIGFile(test_wig_con))

## various options
import(test_wig, genome = "hg19")
import(test_wig, trackLine = FALSE)
which <- as(test[3:4,], "IntegerRangesList")
import(test_wig, which = which)

## Not run:
## basic export calls
test_wig_out <- file.path(tempdir(), "test.wig")
export(test, test_wig_out)
export.wig(test, test_wig_out)
test_foo_out <- file.path(tempdir(), "test.foo")
export(test, test_foo_out, format = "wig")
test_wig_out_file <- WIGFile(test_wig_out)
export(test, test_wig_out_file)

## appending
test2 <- test
metadata(test2)$trackLine <- initialize(metadata(test)$trackLine,
                                         name = "test2")
export(test2, test_wig_out_file, append = TRUE)

## passing track line parameters
export(test, test_wig_out, name = "test2")

## no track line
export(test, test_wig_out, trackLine = FALSE)

## gzip
test_wig_gz <- paste(test_wig_out, ".gz", sep = "")
export(test, test_wig_gz)

## End(Not run)

```



**Description**

This function calls the Kent C library to efficiently convert a WIG file to a BigWig file, without loading the entire file into memory. This solves the problem where simple tools write out text WIG files, instead of more efficiently accessed binary BigWig files.

**Usage**

```
wigToBigWig(x, seqinfo,  
            dest = paste(file_path_sans_ext(x, TRUE), "bw", sep = "."),  
            clip = FALSE)
```

**Arguments**

|         |                                                                                                             |
|---------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| x       | Path or URL to the WIG file. Connections are not supported.                                                 |
| seqinfo | <a href="#">Seqinfo</a> object, describing the genome of the data. All BigWig files must have this defined. |
| dest    | The path to which to write the BigWig file. Defaults to x with the extension changed to "bw".               |
| clip    | If TRUE, regions outside of seqinfo will be clipped, so that no error is thrown.                            |

**Author(s)**

Michael Lawrence

**See Also**

[BigWig](#) import and export support

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