HowTo: Build and use chromosomal information

Jeff Gentry

January 9, 2010

1 Overview

The annotate package provides a class that can be used to model chromosomal information about a species, using one of the metadata packages provided by Bioconductor. This class contains information about the organism and its chromosomes and provides a standardized interface to the information in the metadata packages for other software to quickly extract necessary chromosomal information. An example of using *chromLocation* objects in other software can be found with the alongChrom function of the *geneplotter* package in Bioconductor.

2 The chromLocation class

The chromLocation class is used to provide a structure for chromosomal data of a particular organism. In this section, we will discuss the various slots of the class and the methods for interacting with them. Before this though, we will create an object of class chromLocation for demonstration purposes later. The helper function buildChromLocation is used, and it takes as an argument the name of a Bioconductor metadata package, which is itself used to extract the data. For this vignette, we will be using the hgu95av2.db package.

```
> library("annotate")
> z <- buildChromLocation("hgu95av2")
> z
```

Instance of a chromLocation class with the following fields:

Organism: Homo sapiens Data source: hgu95av2

Number of chromosomes for this organism: 25

Chromosomes of this organism and their lengths in base pairs:

1 : 247249719 10 : 135374737 11 : 134452384 12 : 132349534 13 : 114142980 14: 106368585 15: 100338915 16 : 88827254 17: 78774742 18 : 76117153 19: 63811651 2 : 242951149 20 : 62435964 21 : 46944323 22 : 49691432 3: 199501827 4: 191273063 5: 180857866 6:170899992 7 : 158821424 8: 146274826 9: 140273252 M: 16571 X: 154913754 Y: 57772954

Once we have an object of the *chromLocation* class, we can now access its various slots to get the information contained within it. There are six slots in this class:

organism: This lists the organism that this object is describing.

dataSource: Where this data was acquired from.

chromLocs: A list with an element for every unique chromosome

name, where each element contains a named vector where the names are probe IDs and the values describe the location of that probe on the chromosome. Negative values indicate that the location is on the antisense

strand.

probesToChrom: A hash table which will translate a probe ID to the

chromosome it belongs to.

chromInfo: A numerical vector representing each chromosome, where

the names are the names of the chromosomes and the

values are the lengths of those chromosomes.

geneSymbols: An environment that maps a probe ID to the appropriate

gene symbol.

There is a basic 'get' type method for each of these slots, all with the same name as the respective slot. In the following example, we will demonstrate these basic methods. For the probesToChrom and geneSymbols methods, the return value is an environment which maps a probe ID to other values, we will be using the probe ID '32972_at', which was selected at random for these examples. We

are showing only part of the chromLocs method's output as it is quite long in its entirety.

```
> organism(z)
[1] "Homo sapiens"
> dataSource(z)
[1] "hgu95av2"
> names(chromLocs(z))
 [1] "1"
                   "10"
                                 "11"
                                              "12"
                                                            "13"
 [6] "14"
                   "15"
                                 "16"
                                                            "17"
                                              "16_random"
                                                            "20"
[11] "17_random"
                   "18"
                                 "19"
                                              "2"
                   "22"
                                 "3"
                                              "4"
[16] "21"
                                                            "4_random"
[21] "5"
                                 "6_cox_hap1"
                                              "7"
                                                            "8"
                   "6"
[26] "9"
                   "X"
                                 "Y"
                                                            "5_h2_hap1"
                                               "2_random"
[31] "6_qbl_hap2" "6_random"
                                               "22_h2_hap1" "8_random"
                                 "3_random"
[36] "19_random"
                  "22_random"
                                "1_random"
> chromLocs(z)[["Y"]]
                         32864_at 32930_f_at 32991_f_at
                                                            35885_at 35929_s_at
  266_s_at
             31911_at
 -19611913
                         -2714895
                                     15145847
                                                 -6793958
                                                            13322553
                                                                         9914563
             14324840
  36321_at
             37583_at
                         38182_at
                                     40097_at
                                                41214_at
                                                             1185_at
                                                                        31534_at
  13283691
            -20326690
                         20217829
                                     21146998
                                                 2769622
                                                             1415508
                                                                         2863111
             34753_at 35447_s_at
                                     36553_at
  31534_at
                                                 36554_at
                                                            38355_at
                                                                        38355_at
                                                 -1482031
   2863517
             57623340
                          1674347
                                     -1482031
                                                            13525412
                                                                        13526092
             40030_at
                         40030_at
                                     40435_at 40436_g_at
  39168_at
                                                            41108_at
                                                                        41138_at
  -2414454
              7202012
                          7202013
                                    -1465044
                                                -1465044
                                                             -161425
                                                                         2619227
               938_at
    629_at
                         31411_at
                                     31411_at
                                                 31411_at
                                                            34477_at
                                                                        34477_at
  57739639
             57739639
                       -25586437
                                     23539797
                                                 25173538
                                                           -13944307
                                                                       -13918782
  34477_at 34172_s_at 34172_s_at
                                     34215_at
                                                 34215_at
                                                            35073_at
                                                                        35073_at
              1670485
                          1670485
                                      1670485
                                                  1670485
                                                              505078
                                                                          505078
 -13869656
```

> get("32972_at", probesToChrom(z))

1347692

33665_s_at 33665_s_at 33665_s_at

[1] "X"

> chromInfo(z)

1347692

10 1 12 14 15 16 11 13 247249719 135374737 134452384 132349534 114142980 106368585 100338915 88827254 17 18 19 2 20 21 22 3

1361570

```
78774742
           76117153
                     63811651 242951149
                                          62435964
                                                     46944323
                                                               49691432 199501827
                  5
                             6
                                                 8
                                                            9
                                                                      М
191273063 180857866 170899992 158821424 146274826 140273252
                                                                  16571 154913754
57772954
> get("32972_at", geneSymbols(z))
[1] "NOX1"
```

Another method which can be used to access information about the particular *chromLocation* object is the nChrom method, which will list how many chromosomes this organism has:

> nChrom(z)
[1] 25

3 Summary

The chromLocation class has a simple design, but can be powerful if one wants to store the chromosomal data contained in a Bioconductor package into a single object. These objects can be created once and then passed around to multiple functions, which can cut down on computation time to access the desired information from the package. These objects allow access to basic but also important information, and provide a standard interface for writers of other software to access this information.