

# Package ‘SNPchip’

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**Version** 2.2.0

**Title** Visualizations for copy number alterations

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**Depends** R (>= 2.14.0)

**Imports** graphics, lattice, grid, foreach, IRanges, utils, methods,oligoClasses (>= 1.17.25), Biobase

**Suggests** crlmm

**Enhances** doSNOW, VanillaICE, RColorBrewer

**Description** This package defines methods for visualizing high-throughput genomic data

**License** LGPL (>= 2)

**LazyLoad** yes

**Collate** AllGenerics.R coerce-methods.R xyplot-methods.R  
grid-functions.R idiogram-functions.R panel-functions.R zzz.R

**biocViews** CopyNumberVariants, SNP, GeneticVariability, Visualization

**URL** <http://www.biostat.jhsph.edu/~iruczins/software/snpchip.html>

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arrangeSideBySide      *Helper function to arrange two trellis objects side by side on a grid.*

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### Description

For visualizing copy number alterations, it is often helpful to plot estimates of copy number along with the corresponding estimate of the B allele frequencies. Creating a trellis object for the copy number estimates and a separate trellis object for the B allele frequencies, this function can be used to arrange the two trellis objects side by side on a grid.

### Usage

```
arrangeSideBySide(object1, object2)
```

### Arguments

object1      A trellis object (e.g., a trellis object of the copy number estimates).  
object2      A trellis object (e.g., a trellis object of the B allele frequencies).

### Author(s)

Rob Scharpf

### See Also

[xypanel](#), [xyplot](#)

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centromere      *Coordinates of centromere*

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### Description

Extracts coordinates of centromere for a particular chromosome

### Usage

```
centromere(chromosome, build="hg18", verbose=FALSE)
```

### Arguments

chromosome      character string: "1", ..., "22", "X", or "Y"  
build            character string. Currently only build 'hg18' is provided  
verbose          Logical. Displays build used to annotate the centromere coordinates when TRUE

### Value

integer: start and stop coordinates of centromere in basepairs

**Author(s)**

R. Scharpf

**Examples**

centromere("1")

---

 chromosomeAnnotation    *chromosome annotation*


---

**Description**

Contains information on chromosomes 1-22, X and Y.

**Usage**

data(chromosomeAnnotation)

**Format**

A data frame with 24 observations on the following 3 variables.

centromereStart a numeric vector

centromereEnd a numeric vector

chromosomeSize a numeric vector

**Examples**

data(chromosomeAnnotation)

---

 cytoband                    *Start and stop sites of cytoband*


---

**Description**

Contains start and stop sites of cytoband for Build 35

**Usage**

data(cytoband)

**Format**

A data frame with 862 observations on the following 5 variables.

chrom a factor with levels chr1 chr10 chr11 chr12 chr13 chr14 chr15 chr16 chr17 chr18 chr19  
chr2 chr20 chr21 chr22 chr3 chr4 chr5 chr6 chr7 chr8 chr9 chrX chrY

chromStart a numeric vector

chromEnd a numeric vector

name a factor indicating which chromosomal arm

gieStain a factor with levels acen gneg gpos100 gpos25 gpos50 gpos75 gvar stalk

**Source**

[http://pevsnerlab.kennedykrieger.org/snpSCAN\\_07\\_sourcecode.htm](http://pevsnerlab.kennedykrieger.org/snpSCAN_07_sourcecode.htm)

**Examples**

```
data(cytoband)
```

---

plotIdiogram	<i>Plots idiogram for one chromosome</i>
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**Description**

Draw an idiogram for the specified chromosome.

**Usage**

```
plotIdiogram(chromosome, cytoband, cytoband.ycoords, xlim, ylim=c(0, 2),
new=TRUE, label.cytoband=TRUE, label.y=NULL, srt, cex.axis=1,
outer=FALSE, taper=0.15, verbose=FALSE, build="hg18", unit=c("bp", "Mb"), is.lattice=FALSE,...)
```

**Arguments**

chromosome	character string or integer: which chromosome to draw the cytoband
cytoband	data.frame containing cytoband information
cytoband.ycoords	numeric: y coordinates
xlim	x-axis limits
ylim	y-axis limits
new	logical: new plotting device
label.cytoband	logical: if TRUE, labels the cytobands
label.y	numeric: height (y-coordinate) for cytoband label
srt	string rotation for cytoband labels. See par
cex.axis	size of cytoband labels. See par
outer	logical: whether to draw the labels in the outer margins. See par
taper	tapering for the ends of the cytoband
verbose	Logical. If TRUE, displays human genome build used to annotated the cytoband coordinates.
build	Character string. Currently only "hg18" is allowed.
unit	Character string indicating the unit for physical position on the x-axis. Available options are basepairs (bp) or Mb.
is.lattice	logical indicating whether your drawing the cytoband on a lattice graphic.
...	additional arguments to plot

**Author(s)**

Robert Scharpf and Jason Ting

**Examples**

```
plotIdiogram("1")
```

xypanel

*A panel function for plotting copy number versus physical position***Description**

A panel function for xyplot for plotting copy number versus physical position.

**Usage**

```
xypanel(x, y, gt, is.snp, range, col.hom = "grey20", fill.hom =
"lightblue", col.het = "grey20", fill.het = "salmon", col.np = "grey20",
fill.np = "grey60", show.state=TRUE, state.cex=1, col.state="blue", ..., subscripts)
```

**Arguments**

x	Physical position in megabases.
y	Copy number estimates.
gt	Genotype calls.
is.snp	Logical. Whether the marker is polymorphic.
range	A RangedData or IRanges object. Note that we expect the units returned by start and end to be basepairs.
col.hom	A specification for the color of plotting symbols for homozygous genotypes.
fill.hom	A specification for the fill color of plotting symbols for homozygous genotypes.
col.het	A specification for the color of plotting symbols for heterozygous genotypes.
fill.het	A specification for the fill color of plotting symbols for heterozygous genotypes.
col.np	A specification for the color of plotting symbols for nonpolymorphic markers.
fill.np	A specification for the fill color of plotting symbols for nonpolymorphic genotypes.
show.state	Logical. Whether to display the predicted state in each panel.
state.cex	Numeric. cex for state label. Ignored if show.state is FALSE.
col.state	Character. color for state label. Ignored if show.state is FALSE.
...	Additional arguments passed to lattice functions xyplot, lpoints, and lrect.
subscripts	See the panel functions in lattice for more information.

**Details**

The order of plotting is (1) nonpolymorphic markers, (2), homozygous SNPs, and (3) heterozygous SNPs. Stretches of homozygosity should appear as blue using the default color scheme.

**Note**

To make the drawing of the range object border invisible, one can use border="white".

**Author(s)**

R. Scharpf

**See Also**[xyplot](#)**Examples**

```
## Not run:
if(require("crlmm") && require("VanillaICE") && require("IRanges")){
  library(oligoClasses)
  data(cnSetExample, package="crlmm")
  cnSetExample <- chromosomePositionOrder(cnSetExample)
  oligoSet <- as(cnSetExample, "oligoSnpSet")
  fit2 <- hmm(oligoSet, p.hom=1)
  xyplot(cn ~ x | range, data=oligoSet, range=fit2[1:10, ],
         frame=2e6,
         panel=xypanel, cex=0.3, pch=21, border="blue",
         scales=list(x="free"),
         col.hom="lightblue", col.het="salmon", col.np="grey60",
         fill.np="grey60",
         xlab="Mb")
  ## if xyplot method is masked by lattice, do
  ##xyplot <- VanillaICE::xyplot
}

## End(Not run)
```

xyplot

*Plot copy number and physical position for a set of genomic intervals.***Description**

Plot copy number and physical position given by a CNSet object for a set of genomic intervals stored in a RangedDataCNV object.

**Usage**

```
xyplot(x, data, ...)
xyplot2(x, data, range, frame=50e3L, ...)
```

**Arguments**

x	A formula. Currently, the formula must be one of <code>cn~x</code> , <code>cn ~ x   id</code> or <code>cn ~ x   range</code> when data is a CNSet. If data is a BeadStudioSet, the formula has the form <code>lrr ~ x   range</code> or <code>baf ~ x   range</code> .
data	A CNSet, BeadStudioSet, or SnpSet object.
...	A RangedDataCNV object must be passed by the name 'range'. Arguments for xyplot are passed to xyplot2. Additional arguments are passed to xypanel and panel.xyplot.
range	A RangedDataCNV object.
frame	The genomic distance (basepairs) to the left and right of the start and stop coordinates in the range object.

## Details

For a given `RangedDataCNV` object, this function will plot the copy number estimates versus physical position. The function is particularly useful for multi-panel displays in which the copy number estimates for a single range of the `RangedDataCNV` object appears in one panel. The size of the multi-panel display depends on the number of ranges (rows) in the `RangedDataCNV` object. Typically, one would want to pass no more than 10 ranges to the `xyplot` function.

For genomic intervals of interest in the `RangedDataCNV`, it is often helpful to 'frame' the interval by plotting the data surrounding the interval. To facilitate this process, one may pass an argument called `frame` (an integer) that indicates the number of basepairs to the left and right of the start / stop points in the interval. By default, the first interval in the `RangedDataCNV` object will be plotted in the lower left panel and the last interval `RangedDataCNV` object will be plotted in the upper right panel. Overplotting the copy number data in each panel is a rectangle that indicates the start and stop coordinates in the `RangedDataCNV` object.

## Value

An object of class `trellis`.

## Note

Note that users must pass a `RangedDataCNV` object called 'range'. As mentioned previously, it can be helpful to pass an integer called 'frame' that indicates how much contextual data we should plot surrounding each genomic interval.

If the `lattice` package is loaded after loading `VanillaICE`, the generic definition for `xyplot` in `VanillaICE` will be masked. To unmask the S4 generic in `VanillaICE`, do

```
xyplot <- VanillaICE:::xyplot
```

## Author(s)

R. Scharpf

## See Also

[xyplot](#), [xypanel](#)

To modify the plot appearance from the default, additional arguments can be passed to [panel.xyplot](#), [lpoints](#), and [lrect](#).

## Examples

```
## simulated data
library(oligoClasses)
library(IRanges)
library(VanillaICE)
data(oligoSetExample, package="oligoClasses")
data(hmmResults, package="VanillaICE")
## to visualize each range in it's own panel surrounded by a
## frame of 2,000,000 bases:
## (here the frames are overlapping, but the method could be
## applied more generally to a collection of ranges from
## different chromosomes and samples)
xyplot(cn~x | range, data=oligoSet,
       range=hmmResults,
       frame=2e6, panel=xypanel,
```

```
cex=2,  
pch=".",  
col.het="salmon",  
fill.het="salmon",  
col.hom="royalblue",  
fill.hom="royalblue",  
state.cex=0.5,  
border="orange", scales=list(x="free"),  
par.strip.text=list(cex=0.5),  
xlab="Mb", ylab=expression(log[2]("copy number")))
```



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