## Package 'rfPred'

May 1, 2025

Type Package

**Title** Assign rfPred functional prediction scores to a missense variants list

Version 1.46.0

Date 2021-11-21

Author Fabienne Jabot-Hanin, Hugo Varet and Jean-Philippe Jais

**Depends** R ( $\geq$  3.5.0), methods

**Imports** utils, GenomeInfoDb, data.table, IRanges, GenomicRanges, parallel, Rsamtools

Suggests BiocStyle

Maintainer Hugo Varet <varethugo@gmail.com>

**Description** Based on external numerous data files where rfPred scores are pre-calculated on all genomic positions of the human exome, the package gives rfPred scores to missense variants identified by the chromosome, the position (hg19 version), the referent and alternative nucleotids and the uniprot identifier of the protein. Note that for using the package, the user has to download the TabixFile and index (approximately 3.3 Go).

**License** GPL ( $\geq 2$ )

**Encoding** UTF-8

biocViews Software, Annotation, Classification

RoxygenNote 7.2.1

git\_url https://git.bioconductor.org/packages/rfPred

git\_branch RELEASE\_3\_21

git\_last\_commit b396568

git\_last\_commit\_date 2025-04-15

**Repository** Bioconductor 3.21

Date/Publication 2025-04-30

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|----------------|---|
|                | (random forest method based on SIFT, Polyphen2, PhyloP, LRT and       |
|                | Mutation Taster)  |
|                |   |

## Description

The package provides a function which returns the rfPred score for a list of non-synonymous missense variants. All the rfPred scores are pre-calculated and stored in a TabixFile available on a server and which can be downloaded for using the package while not connected on the Internet. The package does not work without an access to the TabixFile. However, a toy example on the chromosome Y is available within the package to test the rfPred\_scores function. curves with numbers of subjects at risk, compare data sets, display spaghetti-plot, build multi-contingency tables...

## Author(s)

Fabienne Jabot-Hanin, Hugo Varet and Jean-Philippe Jais

## References

dbNSFP database: Liu X, Jian X and Boerwinkle E. 2011. dbNSFP: a lightweight database of human non-synonymous SNPs and their functional predictions. Human Mutation. 32:894-899.

rfPred method: Jabot-Hanin F, Varet H, Tores F and Jais J-P. 2013. rfPred: a new meta-score for functional prediction of missense variants in human exome (submitted).

example\_GRanges Toy example of GRanges object

## Description

Toy example of GRanges object

#### rfPred\_scores

## Format

A GRanges object with 11 rows and several columns:

seqnames Chromosome number (only Y in this example)

ranges IRanges object for which start=end: position on the chromosome

reference Referent nucleotid (A, C, G or T)

alteration Alteration nucleotid (A, C, G or T)

rfPred\_scores Assign functional prediction rfPred scores to human missense variants

## Description

rfPred is a statistical method which combines 5 algorithms predictions in a random forest model: SIFT, Polyphen2, LRT, PhyloP and MutationTaster. These scores are available in the dbNFSP database for all the possible missense variants in hg19 version, and the package rfPred gives a composite score more reliable than each of the isolated algorithms.

#### Usage

```
rfPred_scores(
  variant_list,
  data = system.file("extdata/chrY_rfPred.txtz", package = "rfPred"),
  index = system.file("extdata/chrY_rfPred.txtz.tbi", package = "rfPred"),
  all.col = FALSE,
  file.export = NULL,
 n.cores = 1
)
rfPred_scores(variant_list,
                data=system.file("extdata/chrY_rfPred.txtz", package="rfPred"),
              index=system.file("extdata/chrY_rfPred.txtz.tbi", package="rfPred"),
                     all.col=FALSE, file.export=NULL, n.cores=1)
## S4 method for signature 'character'
rfPred_scores(
  variant_list,
  data = system.file("extdata/chrY_rfPred.txtz", package = "rfPred"),
  index = system.file("extdata/chrY_rfPred.txtz.tbi", package = "rfPred"),
  all.col = FALSE,
  file.export = NULL,
 n.cores = 1
)
## S4 method for signature 'GRanges'
rfPred_scores(
```

```
variant_list,
data = system.file("extdata/chrY_rfPred.txtz", package = "rfPred"),
index = system.file("extdata/chrY_rfPred.txtz.tbi", package = "rfPred"),
all.col = FALSE,
file.export = NULL,
n.cores = 1
```

## Arguments

| variant_list | A variants list in a data.frame containing 4 or 5 columns: chromosome num-<br>ber, hg19 genomic position on the chromosome, reference nucleotid, variant<br>nucleotid and uniprot protein identifier (optional); or a character string of the<br>path to a VCF (Variant Call Format) file; or a GRanges object with metadata<br>containing textually reference, alteration and proteine (optional) columns<br>names for reference and alteration |
|--------------|--|
| data         | Path to the compressed TabixFile, either on the server (default) or on the user's computer   |
| index        | Path to the index of the TabixFile, either on the server (default) or on the user's computer   |
| all.col      | TRUE to return all available information, FALSE to return a more compact result (the most informative columns, see Value)  |
| file.export  | Optional, name of the CSV file in which export the results (default is NULL)   |
| n.cores      | number of cores to use when scaning the TabixFile, can be efficient for large request (default is 1)   |

## Value

The variants list with the assigned rfPred scores, as well as the scores used to build rfPred metascore: SIFT, phyloP, MutationTaster, LRT (transformed) and Polyphen2 (corresponding to Polyphen2\_HVAR\_score). The data frame returned contains these columns:

| chromosome    | chromosome number  |
|---------------|--|
| position_hg19 | physical position on the chromosome as to hg19 (1-based coordinate)  |
| reference     | reference nucleotide allele (as on the + strand)   |
| alteration    | alternative nucleotide allele (as on the + strand)   |
| proteine      | Uniprot accession number   |
| aaref         | reference amino acid   |
| aaalt         | alternative amino acid   |
| aapos         | amino acid position as to the protein  |
| rfPred_score  | rfPred score betwen 0 and 1 (higher it is, higher is the probability of pathogenic-<br>ity)  |
| SIFT_score    | SIFT score between 0 and 1 (higher it is, higher is the probability of pathogenic-<br>ity contrary to the original SIFT score) = 1-original SIFT score |

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## rfPred\_scores

| Polyphen2_score                 | e   |
|---------------------------------|---|
|                                 | Polyphen2 (HVAR one) score between 0 and 1, used to calculate rfPred (higher it is, higher is the probability of pathogenicity)   |
| MutationTaster                  | _score  |
|                                 | MutationTaster score between 0 and 1 (higher it is, higher is the probability of pathogenicity)   |
| PhyloP_score                    | PhyloP score between 0 and 1 (higher it is, higher is the probability of pathogenic-<br>ity): PhyloP_score=1-0.5x10^phyloP if phyloP>0 or PhyloP_score=0.5x10^-<br>phyloP if phyloP<0   |
| LRT_score                       | LRT score between 0 and 1 (higher it is, higher is the probability of pathogenic-<br>ity): LRT_score=1-LRToriginalx0.5 if LRT_Omega<1 or LRT_score=LRToriginalx0.5 if LRT_Omega>=1  |
| The following col               | umns are also returned if all.col is TRUE:  |
| Uniprot_id                      | Uniprot ID number   |
| genename                        | gene name   |
| position_hg18<br>Polyphen2_HDIV | physical position on the chromosome as to hg18 (1-based coordinate)<br>_score   |
|                                 | Polyphen2 score based on HumDiv, i.e. hdiv_prob. The score ranges from 0 to 1: the corresponding prediction is "probably damaging" if it is in [0.957,1]; "possibly damaging" if it is in [0.453,0.956]; "benign" if it is in [0,0.452]. Score cut-off for binary classification is 0.5, i.e. the prediction is "neutral" if the score is lower than 0.5 and "deleterious" if the score is higher than 0.5. Multiple entries separated by "."     |
| Polyphen2 HDIV                  | pred  |
|                                 | Polyphen2 prediction based on HumDiv: D (probably damaging), P (possibly damaging) and B (benign). Multiple entries separated by ";"  |
| Polyphen2_HVAR                  | _score  |
|                                 | Polyphen2 score based on HumVar, i.e. hvar_prob. The score ranges from 0 to 1, and the corresponding prediction is "probably damaging" if it is in [0.909,1]; "possibly damaging" if it is in [0.447,0.908]; "benign" if it is in [0,0.446]. Score cut-off for binary classification is 0.5, i.e. the prediction is "neutral" if the score is lower than 0.5 and "deleterious" if the score is higher than 0.5. Multiple entries separated by ";" |
| Polyphen2_HVAR                  | _pred   |
|                                 | Polyphen2 prediction based on HumVar: D (probably damaging), P (possibly damaging) and B (benign). Multiple entries separated by ";"  |
| MutationTaster                  | _pred   |
|                                 | MutationTaster prediction: A (disease_causing_automatic), D (disease_causing),<br>N (polymorphism) or P (polymorphism_automatic)  |
| phyloP                          | original phyloP score   |
| LRT_Omega                       | estimated nonsynonymous-to-synonymous-rate ratio  |
| LRT_pred                        | LRT prediction, D(eleterious), N(eutral) or U(nknown)   |

## Author(s)

Fabienne Jabot-Hanin, Hugo Varet and Jean-Philippe Jais

## References

Jabot-Hanin F, Varet H, Tores F and Jais J-P. 2013. rfPred: a new meta-score for functional prediction of missense variants in human exome (submitted).

## Examples

```
# from a data.frame without uniprot protein identifier
data(variant_list_Y)
res=rfPred_scores(variant_list = variant_list_Y[,1:4],
            data = system.file("extdata", "chrY_rfPred.txtz", package="rfPred",mustWork=TRUE),
            index = system.file("extdata", "chrY_rfPred.txtz.tbi", package="rfPred",mustWork=TRUE))
# from a data.frame with uniprot protein identifier
res2=rfPred_scores(variant_list = variant_list_Y,
             data = system.file("extdata", "chrY_rfPred.txtz", package="rfPred",mustWork=TRUE),
             index = system.file("extdata", "chrY_rfPred.txtz.tbi", package="rfPred",mustWork=TRUE))
# from a VCF file
res3=rfPred_scores(variant_list = system.file("extdata", "example.vcf", package="rfPred",mustWork=TRUE),
             data = system.file("extdata", "chrY_rfPred.txtz", package="rfPred",mustWork=TRUE),
             index = system.file("extdata", "chrY_rfPred.txtz.tbi", package="rfPred",mustWork=TRUE))
# from a GRanges object
data(example_GRanges)
res4=rfPred_scores(variant_list = example_GRanges,
            data = system.file("extdata", "chrY_rfPred.txtz", package="rfPred",mustWork=TRUE),
            index = system.file("extdata", "chrY_rfPred.txtz.tbi", package="rfPred",mustWork=TRUE))
```

rfPred\_scores\_motor *Motor of* rfPred\_scores

## Description

Motor of rfPred\_scores

## Usage

```
rfPred_scores_motor(variant_list, data, index, all.col, file.export, n.cores)
```

## Arguments

| variant_list | Variants list in a data.frame containing 4 or 5 columns: chromosome num-<br>ber, hg19 genomic position on the chromosome, reference nucleotid, variant<br>nucleotid and uniprot protein identifier (optional) |
|--------------|---|
| data         | Path to the compressed TabixFile, either on the server (default) or on the user's computer  |
| index        | Path to the index of the TabixFile, either on the server (default) or on the user's computer  |
| all.col      | TRUE to return all available information, FALSE to return a more compact result (the most informative columns, see Value)   |

## variant\_list\_Y

| file.export | Optional, name of the CSV file in which export the results (default is NULL)                         |
|-------------|--|
| n.cores     | number of cores to use when scaning the TabixFile, can be efficient for large request (default is 1) |

## Value

see the rfPred\_scores function

## Note

This function is called by the rfPred\_scores S4 method

variant\_list\_Y Toy example of data.frame

## Description

Toy example of data.frame

## Format

A data frame with 5 observations on the following 5 variables:

- chr Chromosome number (only Y in this example)
- pos Position on the chromosome (numeric)
- ref Referent nucleotid (A, C, G or T)
- alt Alteration nucleotid (A, C, G or T)
- uniprot Uniprot protein identifier (factor)

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