## Package 'CluMSID'

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```
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Description CluMSID is a tool that aids the identification of features
      in untargeted LC-MS/MS analysis by the use of MS2 spectra similarity
      and unsupervised statistical methods. It offers functions for a complete
      and customisable workflow from raw data to visualisations and is
      interfaceable with the xmcs family of preprocessing packages.
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Title Clustering of MS2 Spectra for Metabolite Identification

Type Package

2 accessors

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## Description

Accessor functions for individual slots of MS2spectrum and pseudospectrum objects

```
accessID(x)
accessAnnotation(x)
accessPrecursor(x)
accessRT(x)
accessPolarity(x)
```

accessors 3

```
accessSpectrum(x)
accessNeutralLosses(x)
```

#### **Arguments**

Х

An object of class MS2spectrum or pseudospectrum

#### Value

The value of the respective slot of the object (id, annotation, precursor, rt, spectrum, neutral\_losses)

```
load(file = system.file("extdata",
    "annotatedSpeclist.RData",
    package = "CluMSIDdata"))
accessID(annotatedSpeclist[[1]])
load(file = system.file("extdata",
    "annotatedSpeclist.RData",
    package = "CluMSIDdata"))
accessAnnotation(annotatedSpeclist[[1]])
load(file = system.file("extdata",
    "annotatedSpeclist.RData",
    package = "CluMSIDdata"))
accessPrecursor(annotatedSpeclist[[1]])
load(file = system.file("extdata",
    "annotatedSpeclist.RData",
    package = "CluMSIDdata"))
accessRT(annotatedSpeclist[[1]])
load(file = system.file("extdata",
    "annotatedSpeclist.RData",
    package = "CluMSIDdata"))
accessPolarity(annotatedSpeclist[[1]])
load(file = system.file("extdata",
    "annotatedSpeclist.RData",
    package = "CluMSIDdata"))
accessSpectrum(annotatedSpeclist[[1]])
load(file = system.file("extdata",
    "annotated {\tt Speclist.RData"}\,,
    package = "CluMSIDdata"))
accessNeutralLosses(annotatedSpeclist[[1]])
```

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addAnnotations

Adding external annotations to list of MS2spectrum objects

#### **Description**

addAnnotations is used to add annotations that have been assigned externally, e.g. by library search, to a list of MS2spectrum objects as produced by extractMS2spectra and mergeSpecList.

#### Usage

```
addAnnotations(featlist, annolist, annotationColumn = 4)
```

#### **Arguments**

featlist

A list of MS2spectrum objects as produced by extractMS2spectra and mergeSpecList

annolist

A list of annotations, either as a data.frame or csv file. The order of features must be the same as in featlist. Please see the package vignette for a detailed example!

annotationColumn

The column of annolist were the annotation is found. Default is 4, which is the case if writeFeaturelist followed by manual addition of annotations, e.g. in Excel, is used to generate annolist.

#### Value

A list of MS2spectrum objects as produced by extractMS2spectra and mergeSpecList with external annotations added to the annotation slot of each MS2spectrum object.

#### **Examples**

as.MS2spectrum

Convert spectra from MSnbase classes

#### **Description**

Convert spectra from MSnbase classes

```
as.MS2spectrum(x)
```

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#### **Arguments**

Χ

An object of class Spectrum or Spectrum2

#### Value

An object of class MS2spectrum

## **Examples**

```
#Load a "Spectrum2" object from MSnbase
library(MSnbase)
sp <- itraqdata[["X1"]]
#Convert this object to "MS2spectrum" class
new_sp <- as.MS2spectrum(sp)
#Or alternatively:
new_sp <- as(sp, "MS2spectrum")</pre>
```

cossim

Calculate cosine similarity between two spectra

## **Description**

cossim() calculates the cosine of the spectral constrast angle as a measure for the similarity of two spectra.

#### Usage

## **Arguments**

x, y	MS2 spectra, either as matrix, $MS2$ spectrum or pseudospectrum objects. $x$ and $y$ must have the same class.
type	Whether similarity between spectra ("spectrum", default) or neutral loss patterns ("neutral_losses") is to be compared
mzTolerance	The m/z tolerance used for merging. If two fragment peaks are within tolerance, they are regarded as the same. Defaults to 1e-5, i.e. 10ppm.

## Value

The cosine similarity of x and y

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#### Methods (by class)

- x = MS2spectrum, y = MS2spectrum: cossim method for MS2spectrum objects
- x = pseudospectrum, y = pseudospectrum: cossim method for pseudospectrum objects

#### **Examples**

```
load(file = system.file("extdata",
    "annotatedSpeclist.RData",
    package = "CluMSIDdata"))

cossim(annotatedSpeclist[[1]], annotatedSpeclist[[2]])
```

distanceMatrix

Create distance matrix from list of spectra

#### **Description**

distanceMatrix() creates a distance matrix from a list of MS2 spectra, MS1 pseudospectra or neutral loss patterns by pairwise comparison using the specified distance function. This distance matrix is the basis for CluMSID's data mining functions.

#### Usage

## **Arguments**

 $speclist \qquad \qquad A \ list of \ MS2 spectrum \ or \ pseudospectrum \ objects \ as \ generated \ by \ extract MS2 spectra$ 

 $or\ extractPseudospectra.$ 

distFun The distance function to be used. At the moment, only cossim is implemented.

type "spectrum" (default) for MS2 spectra or MS1 pseudospectra or "neutral\_losses"

for neutral loss patterns.

mz\_tolerance The m/z tolerance to be used for merging, default is 1e-5, i.e. +/- 10ppm. If

the mass-to-charge ratios of two peaks differ less than mz\_tolerance, they are

assumed to have the same m/z

## Value

A numeric length(speclist) by length(speclist) matrix containing pairwise distances (1 - similarity) between all features in speclist. Row and column names are taken from the id slot or, if present, pasted from the id and annotation slots of the MS2spectrum or pseudospectrum objects.

```
load(file = system.file("extdata",
    "annotatedSpeclist.RData",
    package = "CluMSIDdata"))
distanceMatrix(annotatedSpeclist[1:20])
```

extractMS2spectra 7

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Extract MS2 spectra from raw data files

#### **Description**

extractMS2spectra() is used to extract MS2 spectra from raw data files, e.g. mzXML files.

#### Usage

```
extractMS2spectra(MSfile, min_peaks = 2, recalibrate_precursor = FALSE,
    RTlims = NULL)
```

#### **Arguments**

MSfile An LC-MS/MS raw data file in one of the non-proprietary formats that can be

parsed by mzR, e.g. mzXML or mzML.

min\_peaks Minimum number of peaks in MS2 spectrum, defaults to 2. Spectra with less

than min\_peaks fragment peaks will be ignored and not extracted.

recalibrate\_precursor

Logical, defaults to FALSE. Applicable only for files that were exported to mzXML using a deprecated version of Bruker Compass Xport (< 3.0.13). If set to TRUE, the precursor m/z will be recalculated from the respective fragment m/z in the

MS2 spectrum. For details, see Depke et al. 2017.

RT1ims Retention time interval for the extraction of spectra. Provide as numeric vector

of length 2. Spectra with retention time < RTlims[1] or > RTlims[2] will be

ignored.

#### Value

A list with objects of class MS2spectrum, containing MS2 spectra extracted from the raw data.

#### **Examples**

 ${\tt extractPseudospectra} \quad \textit{Extract pseudospectra}$ 

#### **Description**

extractPseudospectra() is used to extract MS1 pseudospectra from CAMERA output.

```
extractPseudospectra(x, min_peaks = 1, intensity_columns = NULL)
```

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#### **Arguments**

Х

**CAMERA** output that contains information on pseudospectra. Can either be of class data.frame or xsAnnotate. It is recommended to use either xsAnnotate objects or data.frames generated from XCMSonline results tables but other data.frames are possible.

min\_peaks M intensity\_columns

Minimum number of peaks in pseudospectrum, defaults to 1. See extractMS2spectra.

Numeric, defaults to NULL. If a data.frame is used as input which has not been generated from an XCMSonline results table, the indices of the columns that contain the peak intensities in the different samples have to be indicated as intensity\_columns.

#### Value

A list of pseudospectra, stored as objects of class pseudospectrum, analogous to the output of extractMS2spectra.

## **Examples**

featureList

 $\begin{tabular}{lll} Generate & a & {\tt data.frame} & with & feature & information & from & list & of \\ {\tt MS2spectrum} & objects & & & \\ \end{tabular}$ 

#### **Description**

featureList generates a data. frame that contains feature ID, precurosur m/z and retention time for all features contained in a list of MS2spectrum objects as produced by extractMS2spectra and mergeSpecList. featureList is used internally by writeFeaturelist.

#### Usage

```
featureList(featlist)
```

#### **Arguments**

featlist

 $A\ list\ of\ MS2 spectrum\ objects\ as\ produced\ by\ extractMS2 spectra\ and\ mergeSpecList$ 

## **Details**

Although originally designed for lists of MS2spectrum objects, the function also works with lists of pseudospectrum objects. In this case, NA is given for precursor m/z.

#### Value

A data. frame that contains feature ID, precurosur m/z (if available) and retention time

findFragment 9

#### **Examples**

```
load(file = system.file("extdata",
    "featlist.RData",
    package = "CluMSIDdata"))
pre_anno <- featureList(featlist)</pre>
```

findFragment

Find spectra that contain a specific fragment

## **Description**

findFragment is used to find spectra that contain a specific fragment ion. Its sister function is findNL, which finds specific neutral losses. Both functions work analogous to getSpectrum.

## Usage

```
findFragment(featlist, mz, tolerance = 1e-05)
```

## **Arguments**

featlist a list that contains only objects of class MS2spectrum

mz The mass-to-charge ratio of the fragment ion of interest.

tolerance The m/z tolerance for the fragment ion search. Default is 1E-05, i.e. +/- 10ppm.

## Value

If the respective fragment is only found in one spectrum, the output is an object of class MS2spectrum; if it is found in more than one spectrum, the output is a list of MS2spectrum objects.

## Examples

```
load(file = system.file("extdata",
    "annotatedSpeclist.RData",
    package = "CluMSIDdata"))
putativeAQs <- findFragment(annotatedSpeclist, 159.068)</pre>
```

findNL

Find spectra that contain a specific neutral loss

## **Description**

findNL is used to find spectra that contain a specific neutral loss. Its sister function is findFragment, which finds specific fragment ions. Both functions work analogous to getSpectrum.

```
findNL(featlist, mz, tolerance = 1e-05)
```

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#### **Arguments**

featlist a list that contains only objects of class MS2spectrum mz The mass-to-charge ratio of the neutral loss of interest.

tolerance The m/z tolerance for the neutral loss search. Default is 1E-05, i.e. +/- 10ppm.

#### Value

If the respective neutral loss is only found in one spectrum, the output is an object of class MS2spectrum; if it is found in more than one spectrum, the output is a list of MS2spectrum objects.

## **Examples**

```
load(file = system.file("extdata",
    "annotatedSpeclist.RData",
    package = "CluMSIDdata"))
findNL(annotatedSpeclist, 212.009)
```

getSimilarities

Match one spectrum against a set of spectra

#### **Description**

getSimilarities calculates the similarities of one spectrum or neutral loss pattern to a set of other spectra or neutral loss patterns.

## Usage

```
getSimilarities(spec, speclist, type = c("spectrum", "neutral_losses"),
    hits_only = FALSE)
```

## **Arguments**

spec	The spectrum to be compared to other spectra. Can be either an object of class MS2spectrum or a two-column numerical matrix that contains fragment mass-to-charge ratios in the first and intensities in the second column.
speclist	The set of spectra to which spec is to be compared. Must be a list where every entry is an object of class MS2spectrum. Can be generated from an mzXML file with extractMS2spectra and mergeMS2spectra or constructed using new("MS2spectrum",) for every list entry (see vignette for details).
type	Specifies whether MS2 spectra or neutral loss patterns are to be compared. Must be either 'spectrum' (default) or 'neutral_losses'.
hits_only	Logical that indicates whether the result should contain only similarities greater than zero.

## Value

A named vector with similarities of spec to all spectra or neutral loss patterns in speclist.

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#### **Examples**

getSpectrum

Access individual spectra from a list of spectra by various slot entries

## Description

As accessing S4 objects within lists is not trivial, getSpectrum can be used to access individual or several MS2spectrum objects by their slot entries.

## Usage

```
getSpectrum(featlist, slot, what, mz.tol = 1e-05, rt.tol = 30)
```

## **Arguments**

a list that contains only objects of class MS2spectrum

The slot to be searched (invalid slot arguments will produce errors). Possible values are:

'id'
'annotation'
'precursor' (m/z of precursor ion)
'rt' (retention time of precursor)

what the search term or number, must be character for 'id' and 'annotation' and numeric for 'precursor' and 'rt' See vignette for examples.

mz.tol the tolerance used for precursor ion \*m/z\* searches, defaults to 1E-05 (+/-10ppm)

## Value

rt.tol

If the only one spectrum matches the search criteria, the output is an object of class MS2spectrum; if more than one spectrum matches, the output is a list of MS2spectrum objects.

the tolerance used for precursor ion retention time searches, defaults to 30s; high values can be used to specify retention time ranges (see vignette for example)

```
load(file = system.file("extdata",
    "annotatedSpeclist.RData",
    package = "CluMSIDdata"))

getSpectrum(annotatedSpeclist, "annotation", "pyocyanin")
getSpectrum(annotatedSpeclist, "id", "M244.17T796.4")
```

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```
getSpectrum(annotatedSpeclist, "precursor", 286.18, mz.tol = 1E-03)
six_eight <- getSpectrum(annotatedSpeclist, "rt", 420, rt.tol = 60)</pre>
```

**HCplot** 

Generate cluster dendrogram or heatmap from spectral similarity data

## **Description**

<code>HCplot()</code> performs hierarchical clustering of spectral similarity data using average linkage as agglomeration criterion like <code>HCtbl</code> and generates either a circular dendrogram or a combination of dendrogram and heatmap.

## Usage

```
HCplot(distmat, h = 0.95, type = c("dendrogram", "heatmap"), ...)
```

## Arguments

distmat	A distance matrix as generated by distanceMatrix.
h	Height where the tree is to be cut, defaults to 0.95. See cutree for details.
type	Specifies which visualisation is to be generated: "dendrogram" (default) for a circular dendrogram or "heatmap" for a combination of dendrogram and heatmap.
	Additional graphical parameters passed to plot.phylo (for type = "dendrogram") or gplots::heatmap.2 (for type = "heatmap")

#### Value

A plot as specified by type.

```
load(file = system.file("extdata",
    "distmat.RData",
    package = "CluMSIDdata"))

HCplot(distmat[1:50,1:50], h = 0.8, type = "heatmap")
```

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**HCtbl** 

Hierarchical clustering of spectral similarity data

#### **Description**

HCtbl() performs hierarchical clustering of spectral similarity data using average linkage as agglomeration criterion.

#### Usage

```
HCtbl(distmat, h = 0.95)
```

#### **Arguments**

distmat A distance matrix as generated by distanceMatrix.

h Height where the tree is to be cut, defaults to 0.95. See cutree for details.

#### Value

A data. frame with name and cluster ID for each feature in distmat.

#### See Also

**HCplot** 

## **Examples**

```
load(file = system.file("extdata",
    "distmat.RData",
    package = "CluMSIDdata"))

my_HCtbl <- HCtbl(distmat[1:50,1:50], h = 0.8)</pre>
```

MDSplot

Multidimensional scaling of spectral similarity data

## Description

MDSplot() is used to generate multidimensional scaling plots from spectral similarity data. An interactive visualisation can be produced using **plotly**.

```
MDSplot(distmat, interactive = FALSE, highlight_annotated = FALSE, ...)
```

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#### **Arguments**

distmat A distance matrix as generated by distanceMatrix.

interactive Logical, defaults to FALSE. If TRUE, an interactive visualisation is generated us-

ing plotly.

highlight\_annotated

Logical, defaults to FALSE. If TRUE, points for features for which an annotation was added before using distanceMatrix are highlighted by red colour, while

other points are grey in the MDS plot.

... Additional arguments passed to geom\_point(), e.g. pch, size or alpha.

#### Value

An MDS plot generated with the help of cmdscale, ggplot and, if interactive, ggplotly.

## **Examples**

```
load(file = system.file("extdata",
    "distmat.RData",
    package = "CluMSIDdata"))

MDSplot(distmat, highlight_annotated = TRUE)
```

mergeMS2spectra

Merge MS2 spectra with or without external peak table

## Description

mergeMS2spectra is used to merge MS2 spectra that come from the same precursor. It does so either by grouping spectra of the same precursor m/z that fall into a defined retention time window (rt\_tolerance) or by grouping spectra to peaks from an externally supplied peak table. Please see the vignette for more details.

#### Usage

```
mergeMS2spectra(ms2list, mz_tolerance = 1e-05, rt_tolerance = 30,
    peaktable = NULL, exclude_unmatched = FALSE)
```

#### **Arguments**

ms2list A list of MS2spectrum objects to be merged.

mz\_tolerance The m/z tolerance to be used for merging, default is 1e-5, i.e. +/- 10ppm. If

the mass-to-charge ratios of two peaks differ less than mz\_tolerance, they are

assumed to have the same m/z

table,  $rt\_tolerance$  is the maximum retention time difference between to subsequent spectra of the same precursor m/z with which they are still assumed to belong to the same feature If used with an external peak table,  $rt\_tolerance$  is the maximum retention time difference between a spectrum and a peak in the peak table with which the spectrum is still considered to belong to that peak.

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peaktable

An external peak table, e.g. from XCMS, that serves as a template for grouping spectra. The peaktable must be a three-column data. frame with feature ID, m/z and retention time for each peak/feature.

exclude\_unmatched

If an external peak table is used: Should spectra that do not match to any peak/feature in the peak table be exclude from the resulting list?

#### Value

A merged list of MS2spectrum objects.

#### **Examples**

mergeSpecList

Merge list of spectra

## Description

mergeSpecList() is an accessory function used only inside mergeMS2spectra.

#### Usage

```
mergeSpecList(speclist, tolerance = 1e-05)
```

## **Arguments**

speclist A list of MS2spectrum objects to be merged.

tolerance The m/z tolerance to be used for merging.

#### Value

A list of the same length as speclist containing merged spectra as MS2spectrum objects. If multiple spectra contribute to one consensus spectrum, than this consensus spectrum is contained in the list multiple times at the respective positions of the contributing spectra.

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mergeTolerance	Merge spectra with m/z tolerance
mer gererer arree	merge speemer with mix toterance

#### **Description**

mergeTolerance() merges two spectra by identifying common peaks with a given m/z tolerance. It can be used with Reduce() to merge more than two spectra.

#### Usage

```
mergeTolerance(x, y, tolerance = 1e-05)
```

#### **Arguments**

x, y MS2 spectra as objects of class matrix with m/z in the first column and intensity

in the second.

tolerance The m/z tolerance used for merging. If two peaks are within tolerance, they are

regarded as the same. Defaults to 1e-5, i.e. 10ppm.

#### Value

A matrix with m/z in the first column and separate columns for intensities in the respective spectra. If peaks were merged, their m/z corresponds to the mean of the two original m/z.

MS2spectrum-class A custom S4 class for MS2 spectra, neutral loss patterns and respective metainformation

#### **Description**

A custom S4 class for MS2 spectra, neutral loss patterns and respective metainformation

```
## S4 method for signature 'MS2spectrum'
show(object)

## S4 method for signature 'MS2spectrum'
precursorMz(object)

## S4 method for signature 'MS2spectrum'
rtime(object)

## S4 method for signature 'MS2spectrum'
intensity(object)

## S4 method for signature 'MS2spectrum'
mz(object)

## S4 method for signature 'MS2spectrum'
mz(object)
```

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#### **Arguments**

object

An object of class MS2spectrum

#### Value

Prints information from the object slots with exception of 'spectrum' and 'neutral\_losses' where only a summary is given.

#### Methods (by generic)

- show: A show generic for MS2spectra.
- precursorMz: Method forMSnbase::precursorMz for MS2spectrum objects. Accesses precursor slot and returns precursor *m/z* as a numeric.
- rtime: Method forMSnbase::rtime for MS2spectrum objects. Accesses rt slot and returns retention time as a numeric.
- intensity: Method forMSnbase::intensity for MS2spectrum objects. Accesses spectrum slot and returns the intensity column as a numeric vector.
- mz: Method forMSnbase::mz for MS2spectrum objects. Accesses spectrum slot and returns the m/z column as a numeric vector.
- peaksCount: Method forMSnbase::mz for MS2spectrum objects. Accesses spectrum slot and returns the number of peaks as a numeric.

#### Slots

id a character string similar to the ID used by XCMSonline or the ID given in a predefined peak

annotation a character string containing a user-defined annotation, defaults to empty

precursor (median) m/z of the spectrum's precursor ion

rt (median) retention time of the spectrum's precursor ion

polarity the ionisation polarity, "positive" or "negative"

spectrum the actual MS2 spectrum as two-column matrix (column 1 is (median) m/z, column 2 is (median) intensity of the product ions)

neutral\_losses a neutral loss pattern generated by subtracting the product ion mass-to-charge ratios from the precursor m/z in a matrix format analogous to the spectrum slot

networkplot

Correlation network from spectral similarity data

#### **Description**

networkplot() is used to generate correlation networks from spectral similarity data. An interactive visualisation can be produced using **plotly**.

```
networkplot(distmat, interactive = FALSE, show_labels = FALSE,
    label_size = 1.5, highlight_annotated = FALSE,
    min_similarity = 0.1, exclude_singletons = FALSE)
```

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#### **Arguments**

distmat A distance matrix as generated by distanceMatrix.

interactive Logical, defaults to FALSE. If TRUE, an interactive visualisation is generated us-

ing plotly.

show\_labels Logical, defaults to FALSE. If TRUE, feature IDs are printed as labels in the net-

work plot. Argument has no effect if interactive is TRUE (because in this case,

labels are displayed on mouse-over).

label\_size Numeric, defaults to 1.5. If show\_labels is TRUE and interactive is FALSE,

label\_size defines the size of labels in the plot.

highlight\_annotated

Logical, defaults to FALSE. If TRUE, points for features for which an annotation was added before using distanceMatrix are highlighted by red colour, while

other points are grey in the network plot.

min\_similarity Numeric, defaults to 0.1. The minimum spectral contrast angle (seecossim)

that is considered a spectral similarity and hence a connection in the network.

exclude\_singletons

Logical, defaults to FALSE. If TRUE, features that have no connection to any other feature will not be displayed in the network plot.

#### Value

A network plot generated with the help of network, ggnet2 and, if interactive, ggplotly. Edge weights correspond to spectral similarities.

#### **Examples**

neutrallossPatterns

Generate neutral loss patterns from MS2 spectra

#### **Description**

 $neutral loss Patterns\ generates\ neutral\ loss\ patterns\ from\ MS2\ spectra\ and\ adds\ them\ to\ MS2\ spectrum\ objects\ in\ the\ slot\ neutral\_losses.$ 

## Usage

```
neutrallossPatterns(x)
```

#### **Arguments**

x an object of class MS2spectrum that contains an MS2 spectrum in the spectrum slot

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#### Value

an object of class MS2spectrum with a neutral loss pattern in the neutral\_losses slot

OPTICSplot	Visualisation of density-based	clustering of spectral
------------	--------------------------------	------------------------

## Description

OPTICSplot() performs density-based clustering of spectral similarity data using the OPTICS algorithm like OPTICStbl and creates a reachability distance plot.

similarity data

#### Usage

```
OPTICSplot(distmat, eps = 10000, minPts = 3, eps_cl = 0.5, ...)
```

## **Arguments**

distmat	A distance matrix as generated by distanceMatrix.
eps	OPTICS parameters, see optics.
minPts	OPTICS parameters, see optics.
eps_cl	The reachability distance used for cluster determination, see extractDBSCAN.
	Additional graphical parameters to be passed to plot()

## Details

The function internally uses optics and extractDBSCAN from the **dbscan** package.

#### Value

A reachability distance plot as visualisation of OPTICS clustering, see codeextractDBSCAN.

## See Also

**OPTICStbl** 

```
load(file = system.file("extdata",
    "distmat.RData",
    package = "CluMSIDdata"))

OPTICSplot(distmat[1:50,1:50], eps_cl = 0.7)
```

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OPTICStb1

Density-based clustering of spectral similarity data

## **Description**

OPTICStbl() performs density-based clustering of spectral similarity data using the OPTICS algorithm.

#### Usage

```
OPTICStbl(distmat, eps = 10000, minPts = 3, eps_cl = 0.5)
```

## **Arguments**

distmat A distance matrix as generated by distanceMatrix.

eps, minPts OPTICS parameters, see optics.

eps\_cl The reachability distance used for cluster determination, see extractDBSCAN.

#### **Details**

The function internally uses optics and extractDBSCAN from the **dbscan** package.

#### Value

A data. frame with feature name, cluster ID and OPTICS order for each feature in distmat.

#### See Also

**OPTICSplot** 

#### **Examples**

```
load(file = system.file("extdata",
    "distmat.RData",
    package = "CluMSIDdata"))

my_OTPICStbl <- OPTICStbl(distmat[1:50,1:50], eps_cl = 0.7)</pre>
```

pseudospectrum-class A custom S4 class for MS1 pseudospectra and respective metainformation

## Description

A custom S4 class for MS1 pseudospectra and respective metainformation

specplot 21

#### **Slots**

```
id a the "pcgroup" number assigned by CAMERA
annotation a character string containing a user-defined annotation, defaults to empty
rt (median) retention time of the ions contained in the pseudospectrum
spectrum the actual MS1 pseudospectrum as two-column matrix (column 1 is (median) m/z, column 2 is (median) intensity of the ions)
```

specplot

Create a basic plot of MS2 spectra

#### **Description**

specplot creates a very basic plot of MS2 spectra from MS2spectrum or pseudospectrum objects.

#### Usage

```
specplot(spec, ...)
```

#### **Arguments**

spec An object of class MS2spectrum or pseudospectrum
... Additional graphical parameters to be passed to plot()

#### Value

A plot of the MS2 spectrum saved in the spectrum slot of spec.

## **Examples**

```
load(file = system.file("extdata",
    "annotatedSpeclist.RData",
    package = "CluMSIDdata"))
specplot(annotatedSpeclist[[1]])
```

splitPolarities

Separate spectra with different polarities from the same run

#### **Description**

Using splitPolarities, spectra with different polarities from the same run can be separated, e.g. when processing spectra recorded with polarity-switching.

```
splitPolarities(ms2list, polarity = c("positive", "negative"))
```

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#### Arguments

ms2list A list of MS2spectrum objects as produced by extractMS2spectra.

The polarity of spectra to be analysed, must be "positive" or "negative".

#### Value

A list of MS2spectrum objects that contains only spectra with the given polarity.

#### **Examples**

writeFeaturelist

Write feature information from list of MS2spectrum objects

#### **Description**

writeFeaturelist uses featureList to generate a data. frame that contains feature ID, precurosur m/z and retention time for all features contained in a list of MS2spectrum objects as produced by extractMS2spectra and mergeSpecList and writes it to a csv file.

## Usage

```
writeFeaturelist(featlist, filename = "pre_anno.csv")
```

#### **Arguments**

featlist A list of MS2spectrum objects as produced by extractMS2spectra and mergeSpecList filename

The desired file name of the csv file, default is "pre\_anno.csv"

## **Details**

Although originally designed for lists of MS2spectrum objects, the function also works with lists of pseudospectrum objects. In this case, NA is given for precursor m/z.

## Value

A csv file that contains feature ID, precurosur m/z and retention time. The file has a header but no row names and is separated by ','.

```
load(file = system.file("extdata",
     "featlist.RData",
    package = "CluMSIDdata"))
writeFeaturelist(featlist, filename = "pre_anno.csv")
```

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