

The `telprint` package

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Abstract

Package `telprint` provides `\telprint` for formatting German phone numbers.

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*Please report any issues at <https://github.com/ho-tex/oberdiek/issues>

1 Documentation

1.1 Introduction

This is a very old package that I have written to format phone numbers. It follows German conventions and the documentation is mainly in German.

1.2 Short overview in English

LATEX:

```
\usepackage{telprint}
\telprint{123/456-789}
```

plain TEX:

```
\input telprint.sty
\telprint{123/456-789}
```

`\telprint` `\telprint{...}` formats the explicitly given number. Digits, spaces and some special characters ('+', '/', '(', ')', '^', ',') are supported. Numbers are divided into groups of two digits from the right. Examples:

```
\telprint{0761/12345}    ==> 07\,61/1\,23\,45
\telprint{01234/567-89} ==> 0\,12\,34/5\,67\leavevmode\hbox{-}89
\telprint{+49 (6221) 297} ==> +49~(62\,21)~2\,97
```

1.2.1 Configuration

The output of the symbols can be configured by `\telhyphen`, `\telslash`, `\telleftparen`, `\telrightparen`, `\telplus`, `\teltilde`. Example:

```
\telslash{\,/\,}\ \telprint{12/34} ==> 12\,/\,34
```

`\telspace` `\telspace` configures the space between digit groups.

`\telnumber` `\telnumber` only formats a number in digit groups; special characters are not recognized.

1.3 Documentation in German

`\telprint` • `\telprint#1`

Der eigentliche Anwenderbefehl zur formatierten Ausgabe von Telefonnummern. Diese dürfen dabei nur als Zahlen angegeben werden (, da sie tokenweise analysiert werden). Als Trenn- oder Sonderzeichen werden unterstützt: '+', '/', '^', '(', ')', '^', ',' Einfache Leerzeichen werden erkannt und durch Tilden ersetzt, um Trennungen in der Telefonnummer zu verhindern. (Man beachte aus gleichem Grunde die `\hbox` bei ','). Beispiele:

```
\telprint{0761/12345}    ==> 07\,61/1\,23\,45
\telprint{01234/567-89} ==> 0\,12\,34/5\,67\leavevmode\hbox{-}89
\telprint{+49 (6221) 297} ==> +49~(62\,21)~2\,97
```

Der Rest enthält eher Technisches:

`\telspace` • `\telspace#1`

Mit diesem Befehl wird der Abstand zwischen den Zifferngruppen angegeben (Default: \,). (Durch `\telspace{}` kann dieser zusätzliche Abstand abgestellt werden.)

- **\telhyphen#1**
Dieser Befehl gibt die Art des Bindestriches, wie er ausgegeben werden soll. In der Eingabe darf jedoch nur der einfache Bindestrich stehen: `\telprint{123-45}`, jedoch NICHT `\telprint{123--45}`! Kopka-Bindestrich-Fans geben an: `\telhyphen{\leavevmode\hbox{--}}`
- **\telslash#1, \telleftparen#1, \telrightparen#1, \telplus#1, \teltilde#1**
Diese Befehle konfigurieren die Zeichen '/', '(', ')' und '+' und '^'. Sie funktionieren analog zu `\telhyphen`.
- **\telnumber#1**
Richtung interner Befehl: Er dient dazu, eine Zifferngruppe in Zweiergruppen auszugeben. Die einzelnen Zahlen werden im Tokenregister `\TELtoks` gespeichert. Abwechselnd werden dabei zwischen zwei Token (Zahlen) `\TELx` bzw. `\TELy` eingefügt, abhängig von dem wechselnden Wert von `\TELswitch`. Zum Schluss kann dann einfach festgestellt werden ob die Nummer nun eine geradzahlige oder ungeradzahlige Zahl von Ziffern aufwies. Dem entsprechend wird `\TELx` mit dem Zusatzabstand belegt und `\TELy` leer definiert oder umgekehrt.)
- **\TEL... interne Befehle, Technisches:**
`\TELsplit` dient zur Aufteilung einer zusammengesetzten Telefonnummer (Vorwahl, Hauptnummer, Nebenstelle). In dieser Implementation werden als Trennzeichen nur '/' und '-' erkannt. Die einzelnen Bestandteile wie Vorwahl werden dann dem Befehl `\telnumber` zur Formatierung uebergeben.
- Die Erkennung von einfachen Leerzeichen ist um einiges schwieriger: Die Tokentrennung ueber Parameter #1#2 funktioniert nicht für einfache Leerzeichen, da TeX sie *niemals* als eigenständige Argumente behandelt! (The TeXbook, Chapter 20, p. 201)
(Anmerkung am Rande: Deshalb funktionieren die entsprechenden Tokenmakros auf S. 149 des Buches „Einführung in TeX“ von N. Schwarz (3. Aufl.) nicht, wenn im Tokenregister als erstes ein einfaches Leerzeichen steht!)

2 Implementation

1 `(*package)`

2.1 Reload check and package identification

Reload check, especially if the package is not used with L^AT_EX.

```

2 \begingroup\catcode61\catcode48\catcode32=10\relax%
3   \catcode13=5 % ^^M
4   \endlinechar=13 %
5   \catcode35=6 % #
6   \catcode39=12 % ,
7   \catcode44=12 % ,
8   \catcode45=12 % -
9   \catcode46=12 % .
10  \catcode58=12 % :
11  \catcode64=11 % @
12  \catcode123=1 % {
13  \catcode125=2 % }
14  \expandafter\let\expandafter\x\csname ver@telprint.sty\endcsname
15  \ifx\x\relax % plain-TeX, first loading
16  \else
17    \def\empty{}%
18    \ifx\x\empty % LaTeX, first loading,
19      % variable is initialized, but \ProvidesPackage not yet seen
20    \else

```

```

21      \expandafter\ifx\csname PackageInfo\endcsname\relax
22          \def\x#1#2{%
23              \immediate\write-1{Package #1 Info: #2.}%
24          }%
25      \else
26          \def\x#1#2{\PackageInfo{#1}{#2, stopped}}%
27      \fi
28      \x{telprint}{The package is already loaded}%
29      \aftergroup\endinput
30  \fi
31 \fi
32 \endgroup%

```

Package identification:

```

33 \begingroup\catcode61\catcode48\catcode32=10\relax%
34   \catcode13=5 % ^M
35   \endlinechar=13 %
36   \catcode35=6 % #
37   \catcode39=12 % ,
38   \catcode40=12 % (
39   \catcode41=12 % )
40   \catcode44=12 % ,
41   \catcode45=12 % -
42   \catcode46=12 % .
43   \catcode47=12 % /
44   \catcode58=12 % :
45   \catcode64=11 % @
46   \catcode91=12 % [
47   \catcode93=12 % ]
48   \catcode123=1 % {
49   \catcode125=2 % }
50   \expandafter\ifx\csname ProvidesPackage\endcsname\relax
51       \def\x#1#2#3[#4]{\endgroup
52           \immediate\write-1{Package: #3 #4}%
53           \xdef#1[#4]%
54       }%
55   \else
56       \def\x#1#2[#3]{\endgroup
57           #2[#3]%
58           \ifx#1\undefined
59               \xdef#1[#3]%
60           \fi
61           \ifx#1\relax
62               \xdef#1[#3]%
63           \fi
64       }%
65   \fi
66 \expandafter\x\csname ver@telprint.sty\endcsname
67 \ProvidesPackage{telprint}%
68   [2016/05/16 v1.11 Format German phone numbers (HO)]%

```

2.2 Catcodes

```

69 \begingroup\catcode61\catcode48\catcode32=10\relax%
70   \catcode13=5 % ^M
71   \endlinechar=13 %
72   \catcode123=1 % {
73   \catcode125=2 % }
74   \catcode64=11 % @
75   \def\x{\endgroup
76   \expandafter\edef\csname TELAtEnd\endcsname{%
77       \endlinechar=\the\endlinechar\relax
78       \catcode13=\the\catcode13\relax

```

```

79      \catcode32=\the\catcode32\relax
80      \catcode35=\the\catcode35\relax
81      \catcode61=\the\catcode61\relax
82      \catcode64=\the\catcode64\relax
83      \catcode123=\the\catcode123\relax
84      \catcode125=\the\catcode125\relax
85      }%
86  }%
87 \x\catcode61\catcode48\catcode32=10\relax%
88 \catcode13=5 % ^~M
89 \endlinechar=13 %
90 \catcode35=6 % #
91 \catcode64=11 % @
92 \catcode123=1 % {
93 \catcode125=2 % }
94 \def\TMP@EnsureCode#1#2{%
95   \edef\TELAtEnd{%
96     \TELAtEnd
97     \catcode#1=\the\catcode#1\relax
98   }%
99   \catcode#1=#2\relax
100 }%
101 \TMP@EnsureCode{33}{12}!%
102 \TMP@EnsureCode{36}{3}$%
103 \TMP@EnsureCode{40}{12}(%
104 \TMP@EnsureCode{41}{12})%
105 \TMP@EnsureCode{42}{12}*%
106 \TMP@EnsureCode{43}{12}+%
107 \TMP@EnsureCode{44}{12},%
108 \TMP@EnsureCode{45}{12}-%
109 \TMP@EnsureCode{46}{12}.%
110 \TMP@EnsureCode{47}{12}/%
111 \TMP@EnsureCode{91}{12}[%
112 \TMP@EnsureCode{93}{12}]%
113 \TMP@EnsureCode{126}{13}~(active)
114 \edef\TELAtEnd{\TELAtEnd\noexpand\endinput}

```

2.3 Package macros

```

115 \ifx\DeclareRobustCommand\UnDeFiNeD
116   \def\DeclareRobustCommand*#1[1]{\def#1##1}%
117   \def\TELreset{\let\DeclareRobustCommand=\UnDeFiNeD}%
118   \input infwarerr.sty\relax
119   \PackageInfo{telprint}{%
120     Macros are not robust!}%
121   }%
122 \else
123   \let\TELreset=\relax
124 \fi

\telspace
125 \DeclareRobustCommand*{\telspace}[1]{\def\TELspace{\#1}}
126 \telspace{[]$,${}}

\telhyphen
127 \DeclareRobustCommand*{\telhyphen}[1]{\def\TELhyphen{\#1}}
128 \telhyphen{\leavevmode\hbox{-}}% \hbox zur Verhinderung der Trennung

\telslash
129 \DeclareRobustCommand*{\telslash}[1]{\def\TELslash{\#1}}
130 \telslash{/}%

\telleftparen

```

```

131 \DeclareRobustCommand*{\telleftparen}[1]{\def\TELleftparen{\#1}}
132 \telleftparen{()}

\telrightparen
133 \DeclareRobustCommand*{\telrightparen}[1]{\def\TELrightparen{\#1}}
134 \telrightparen{}}

\telplus
135 \DeclareRobustCommand*{\telplus}[1]{\def\TELplus{\#1}}
136 \telplus{+}

\teltilde
137 \DeclareRobustCommand*{\teltilde}[1]{\def\TELtilde{\#1}}
138 \teltilde{`}

\TELtoks
139 \newtoks\TELtoks

\TELnumber
140 \def\TELnumber#1#2\TELnumberEND{%
141   \begingroup
142   \def\O{\#2}%
143   \expandafter\endgroup
144   \ifx\O\empty
145     \TELtoks=\expandafter{\the\TELtoks#1}%
146     \ifnum\TELswitch=0 %
147       \def\TELx{\TELspace}\def\TELy{}%
148     \else
149       \def\TELx{}\def\TELy{\TELspace}%
150     \fi
151     \the\TELtoks
152   \else
153     \ifnum\TELswitch=0 %
154       \TELtoks=\expandafter{\the\TELtoks#1\TELx}%
155       \def\TELswitch{1}%
156     \else
157       \TELtoks=\expandafter{\the\TELtoks#1\TELy}%
158       \def\TELswitch{0}%
159     \fi
160   \TELnumber#2\TELnumberEND
161   \fi
162 }

\telnumber
163 \DeclareRobustCommand*{\telnumber}[1]{%
164   \TELtoks={}
165   \def\TELswitch{0}%
166   \TELnumber#1{}\TELnumberEND
167 }

\TELsplit
168 \def\TELsplit{\futurelet\TELfuture\TELdosplit}

\TELdosplit
169 \def\TELdosplit#1#2\TELsplitEND
170 {%
171   \def\TELsp{ }%
172   \expandafter\ifx\TELsp\TELfuture
173     \let\TELfuture=\relax
174     \expandafter\telnumber\expandafter{\the\TELtoks}~%
175     \telprint{\#1#2} Das Leerzeichen kann nicht #1 sein!
176   \else

```

```

177  \def\TELfirst{\#1}%
178  \ifx\TELfirst\empty
179    \expandafter\telnumber\expandafter{\the\TELtoks}%
180    \TELtoks={}%
181  \else\if-\TELfirst
182    \expandafter\telnumber\expandafter{\the\TELtoks}\TELhyphen
183    \telprint{#2}%
184  \else\if/\TELfirst
185    \expandafter\telnumber\expandafter{\the\TELtoks}\TELslash
186    \telprint{#2}%
187  \else\if(\TELfirst
188    \expandafter\telnumber\expandafter{\the\TELtoks}\TELleftparen
189    \telprint{#2}%
190  \else\if+\TELfirst
191    \expandafter\telnumber\expandafter{\the\TELtoks}\TELrightparen
192    \telprint{#2}%
193  \else\if*\TELfirst
194    \expandafter\telnumber\expandafter{\the\TELtoks}\TELplus
195    \telprint{#2}%
196  \else\def\TELtemp{`}\ifx\TELtemp\TELfirst
197    \expandafter\telnumber\expandafter{\the\TELtoks}\TELtilde
198    \telprint{#2}%
199  \else
200    \TELtoks=\expandafter{\the\TELtoks#1}%
201    \TELsplit#2{} \TELsplitEND
202    \fi\fi\fi\fi\fi\fi\fi
203 \fi
204 }

\telprint
205 \DeclareRobustCommand*{\telprint}[1]{%
206   \TELtoks={}%
207   \TELsplit#1{} \TELsplitEND
208 }

209 \TELreset\let\TELreset=\UnDeFiNeD
210 \TELAtEnd%
211 </package>

```

3 Installation

3.1 Download

Package. This package is available on CTAN¹:

[CTAN:macros/latex/contrib/oberdiek/telprint.dtx](#) The source file.

[CTAN:macros/latex/contrib/oberdiek/telprint.pdf](#) Documentation.

Bundle. All the packages of the bundle ‘oberdiek’ are also available in a TDS compliant ZIP archive. There the packages are already unpacked and the documentation files are generated. The files and directories obey the TDS standard.

[CTAN:install/macros/latex/contrib/oberdiek.tds.zip](#)

TDS refers to the standard “A Directory Structure for T_EX Files” ([CTAN:pkg/tds](#)). Directories with `texmf` in their name are usually organized this way.

¹[CTAN:pkg/telprint](#)

3.2 Bundle installation

Unpacking. Unpack the `oberdiek.tds.zip` in the TDS tree (also known as `texmf` tree) of your choice. Example (linux):

```
unzip oberdiek.tds.zip -d ~/texmf
```

3.3 Package installation

Unpacking. The `.dtx` file is a self-extracting `docstrip` archive. The files are extracted by running the `.dtx` through plain `TEX`:

```
tex telprint.dtx
```

TDS. Now the different files must be moved into the different directories in your installation TDS tree (also known as `texmf` tree):

```
telprint.sty → tex/generic/oberdiek/telprint.sty  
telprint.pdf → doc/latex/oberdiek/telprint.pdf  
telprint.dtx → source/latex/oberdiek/telprint.dtx
```

If you have a `docstrip.cfg` that configures and enables `docstrip`'s TDS installing feature, then some files can already be in the right place, see the documentation of `docstrip`.

3.4 Refresh file name databases

If your `TEX` distribution (`TEX Live`, `MiKTEX`, ...) relies on file name databases, you must refresh these. For example, `TEX Live` users run `texhash` or `mktexlsr`.

3.5 Some details for the interested

Unpacking with L^AT_EX. The `.dtx` chooses its action depending on the format:

plain T_EX: Run `docstrip` and extract the files.

L^AT_EX: Generate the documentation.

If you insist on using L^AT_EX for `docstrip` (really, `docstrip` does not need L^AT_EX), then inform the autodetect routine about your intention:

```
latex \let\install=y\input{telprint.dtx}
```

Do not forget to quote the argument according to the demands of your shell.

Generating the documentation. You can use both the `.dtx` or the `.drv` to generate the documentation. The process can be configured by the configuration file `ltxdoc.cfg`. For instance, put this line into this file, if you want to have A4 as paper format:

```
\PassOptionsToClass{a4paper}{article}
```

An example follows how to generate the documentation with pdfL^AT_EX:

```
pdflatex telprint.dtx  
makeindex -s gind.ist telprint.idx  
pdflatex telprint.dtx  
makeindex -s gind.ist telprint.idx  
pdflatex telprint.dtx
```

4 History

[1996/11/28 v1.0]

- Erste lauffähige Version.
- Nur '-' und '/' als zulässige Sonderzeichen.

[1997/09/16 v1.1]

- Dokumentation und Kommentare (Posting in de.comp.text.tex).
- Erweiterung um Sonderzeichen '(', ')', '+', '^' und ' '.
- Trennungsverhinderung am 'hyphen'.

[1997/10/16 v1.2]

- Schutz vor wiederholtem Einlesen.
- Unter L^AT_EX 2_ε Nutzung des \DeclareRobustCommand-Features.

[1997/12/09 v1.3]

- Temporäre Variable eingespart.
- Posted in newsgroup `de.comp.text.tex`:
“Re: Generisches Markup für Telefonnummern?”²

[2004/11/02 v1.4]

- Fehler in der Dokumentation korrigiert.

[2005/09/30 v1.5]

- Konfigurierbare Symbole: '/', '(', ')', '+' und '^'.

[2006/02/12 v1.6]

- LPPL 1.3.
- Kurze Übersicht in Englisch.
- CTAN.

[2006/08/26 v1.7]

- New DTX framework.

[2007/04/11 v1.8]

- Line ends sanitized.

[2007/09/09 v1.9]

- Catcode section added.
- Missing docstrip tag added.

²Url: <https://groups.google.com/group/de.comp.text.tex/msg/86b3a86140007309>

[2008/08/11 v1.10]

- Code is not changed.
 - URLs updated.

[2016/05/16 v1.11]

- Documentation updates.

5 Index

Numbers written in italic refer to the page where the corresponding entry is described; numbers underlined refer to the code line of the definition; plain numbers refer to the code lines where the entry is used.

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